The Centre Reporter.

VOL. LXXXVI. CENTRE HALL, PA., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1913. NO. 35

DEMOCRATS IN YORK.

The Annual Meeting One of Great Enthusiasm and Military Spirit of the Reorganized Democracy of Pennsylvania.

The annual meeting of the State Federation of Democratic Clubs in York Tuesday, evidenced anew the harmony, enthusiasm and military spirit of the reorganized Democracy of Pennsylvania. Old York County, a veteran stronghold of the party faith, could not fail to be impressed with the showing of state-wide Democratic spirit made manifest not alone by accredited delegates present representing fifty active Democratic clubs, but by the host of individual Democrats who came from far and near to attest their faith and loyalty by joining in the gathering.

United States Senator Ollie James of Kentucky, big in frame, mind and heart, the orator of the day, whose eloquent address will be long remembered by all who heard it, had spread before him an unmistakable demonstration of the fact that Pennsylvania Democrats are thoroughly alive and eager opportunities of party advancement in state and nation. Senator James was no stranger to the vigor and determination of the reorganized Democracy of this state, however. As permanent chairman of the Democratic national convention in Baltimore last year, he had personal experience of it. He saw the Pennsylvania delegation stand like the rock of Gibraltar for the nomination of Woodrow Wilson, resisting all assaults and spurning every attempt to lure it from loyalty. He knew that without that splendid, unshakable support of Pennsylvania Democrats, Governor Wilson could not have been nominated and possibly a Democrat would not have been chosen President last year.

In the contest for State Committeeman in the Democratic party it is not a matter of persons, but principle. Mr. Smith, who represents the Guffey element, as a man is all right, but he does not truly represent the Democratic party as today constituted. He represents a faction, a small faction, a disreputable element that for years managed the Democratic party as a side-show of the G. O. P., pulling off their greatest act at Allentown, and that is why the Reporter asks all self-respecting Democrats to vote against Mr. Smith and for Mr. Zerby for State Committeeman.

One of the very best reasons why every Democrat who is in sympathy with the Washington administration should support W. D. Zerby, Esq., for State Committeeman rather than W. H. Smith of Millheim is that the Watchman and the Republican papers in Centre county are opposed to Mr. Zerby and favor Mr. Smith. The Watchman would not support any Democrat who is not of the Guffey type, and the Republican newspapers have no interest in the contest except to aid the weaker element in doing all the dirt they can.

The reference made to George L. Goodhart in the Democratic Watchman was made with the hope that it might cause ill feeling among Democrats over the county. The only reply that need be made to these silly statements is to repeat a portion of an editorial in these columns, which closed with this statement: "It is necessary to say without reserve that much that has appeared within the past few years in the Democratic Watchman's political columns is not the truth."

No Democrat can afford to support an element in the Democratic party that was ousted for its crookedness. A bunch of men so totally rotten as the Guffey-Hall leaders proved to be have no right to ask representation on the state committee. This is a day of new order of things in the Democratic party as well as in all movements, political and otherwise, throughout this grand nation,—a day when the vomit of a political party cannot expect to assume leadership.

Talk about the reorganizers stealing the Democratic state organization in Pennsylvania! There were only a few spots in the whole state that did not follow the banner of Bryan Democrats. In Centre county the element opposed to the old leaders numbered over fifteen hundred, (1538) and the Guffey followers numbered but seven-hundred and two. A great steal.

This would be a good season to display the furniture of the branch office of the Democratic State headquarters in Bellefonte. It might inspire the Guffeyites to assemble in sight of the old equipment.

No Democrat who has at heart the welfare of the Democratic party can lead a contest against Mr. Zerby, candidate for State Committeeman.

TOWNSHIPS WILL GET A MILLION.

State Will Pay in Part Its Obligations to Townships for Road Purposes.

One million dollars is about to be paid out by the state highway department to pay in part the bonus to townships that collected road tax in cash in 1912.

Warrants are being drawn and checks will be issued within a few days to more than 1400 districts. All the money is to be used on improvement of township roads. Two months ago a quarter-million dollars was similarly distributed.

Townships abolishing the work tax are entitled to a fifty per cent bonus of all road tax collected, under the act of 1909, but the legislature has never appropriated sufficient money. The recent legislature was more liberal than its predecessors and doubled the amount contributed at the sessions of 1909 and 1911.

Figures at the state highway department show that $5,089,976 32 was collected by townships last year for road purposes. The bonus is due on all this.

Centre county's portion of this fund is $14 412 41.

The sum apportioned to the several townships is appended:

TOWNSHIP.	AMOUNT PAID
Benner	$1091 15
Boggs	835 90
Burnside	217 08
College	517 21
Curtin	486 40
Ferguson	935 32
Gregg	907 64
Haines	510 89
Halfmoon	388 13
Harris	386 84
Howard	432 11
Huston	390 63
Liberty	650 12
Marion	343 94
Miles	547 95
Patton	536 42
Penn	344 02
Potter	1233 17
Rush	1037 69
Snow Shoe	482 30
Spring	515 21
Taylor	252 74
Union	446 61
Walker	489 62
Worth	383 30
Totals	14412 41

Ladies Thrown from Buggy.

Misses Edna Wagner and Gertrude Ishler were thrown from a buggy at the Centre Hall railroad station one day last week. Miss Wagner was pretty badly injured, and has since been confined to bed. No bones were broken, but her spine was injured, and it may require some time before she will have fully recovered. She is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. Geiss Wagner, south of Centre Hall. Miss Ishler is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George E. Ishler of Centre Hall. She received a number of bruises over the body, but none of them were serious.

The ladies approached the railroad crossing at the station while a freight train was occupying it. After the road was cleared, they passed over the crossing and near by the Strunk threshing outfit was standing, having approached from Hoffer street. The horse frightened at the engine, and became uncontrollable. The buggy was upset, throwing the occupants to the ground, inflicting the injuries noted above.

Staple Crops.

Now and then there is an unholy desire on the part of the writer to get a good hickory club and go out among a certain class of journalists and remind them that the old-fashioned staple crops still have a pretty large place in our agriculture. These gentlemen have portrayed for us about everything that grows out of or on the earth as a sure road to fortune in farming but they seem to have overlooked the fact that corn, wheat, oats, potatoes and grass still flourish in the land; and the equally important fact that nine farmers out of every ten must get a living out of these common every-day staple crops. It is all right to pay a good deal of attention to soy beans, or alfalfa, or any other thing that promises to be useful to a great number of people; but while we do it let us not forget that the production of the old staples is not yet perfectly understood, and we are not done discussing them or learning about them. In fact we are just beginning to learn some highly important lessons about the production of old grasses in meadows and pastures, while there are still farmers in this enlightened land who need to know more about plowing, fertilizing, cultivating and harvesting the crops their granddads raised. Let us not get so "advanced" in our agriculture as to neglect these things or so full of new dreams that we forget the old staples whereby we live.

Zerby. You will find his name on the primary ballot below that of Mr. Smith's, but it will stand far above it when the votes are announced. There are only a few Democrats in Centre county who can be induced to injure the prospects of the party by voting for a Guffey State Committeeman.

THE LITTLE RED SCHOOLHOUSE.

Open Again for Another Winter's Operation—A Wicked Comparison.

Miss Edna M. Hill of Madison, Wisconsin, describes their country schoolhouses, and the country school house in Wisconsin is very similar to the country schoolhouse in Pennsylvania. Miss Hill says:

"The schoolhouse squats down and silent in its acre of weeds. A little to the rear are two wretched outbuildings. Upon its gray clapboard sides, window blinds hang loose and window sashes sag away from their frames. Groaning upon one hinge the vestibule door turns away from lopsided steps, while a broken drain pipe sways perilously from the east corner of the roof. The little red schoolhouse is nothing but a tumble-down shack set in the heart of a prosperous farming districts of southern Wisconsin. In forty per cent of the houses the floors are never scrubbed, the closets never cleaned and the sanitary conditions indescribable."

Miss Hill ends her drastic article with: "About one-eighth of a mile distant from the schoolhouse stands a long low building painted a rich red. It is warmly built. Adequate provision has been made for light and air according to the latest and most advanced ideas. Also it cost $2,000 and houses a lot of hogs. The schoolhouse is barely worth $100 and any good farmer knows that no self-respecting hog would thrive in it. It is not at all that the farmer does not love his children but shortsightedness."

Third Straight Defeat.

Pine Grove Mills dealt defeat to the local baseball team Saturday afternoon on Grange Park. The score was 7 to 3. It was the third straight reverse of the season, and the fourth in ten games played by the local club.

With Ed. Martz, of New York State league fame, in the box, Pine Grove presented the hardest proposition the Centre Hall team has tackled this season. While he did not twirl with all his old time cunning, he still had enough "stuff" on the ball to quiet the bats of the locals when the bases were occupied. He was well supported by a well-balanced team, which pulled Martz out of several embarrassing positions by fast fielding.

The game was practically won by Pine Grove in the first inning when they scored three runs on several misplays coupled with a few timely hits. Centre Hall did their most effective work in the fourth inning when they scored two earned runs by three clean hits by W. Bradford, Royer, and C. Smith.

The features of the game were the base running of W. Bradford and a home run drive by Coxey, which he lost on a technicality. The drive was a long one over the left fielder's head and Coxey crossed the plate in a standing position. Allison, who was pitching at the time, had his eyes on the runner while circling the diamond, and drew the umpire's attention in direction of third base, which base the runner failed to touch by several inches. Coxey was called out at third when Allison secured the ball and stepped on the sack. (The hit went for only two bases.)

The details of the game are contained in the following box score:

PINE GROVE MILLS	R	H	O	A	E
Roop, ss	1	1	3	0	
Martz, p	1	2	3	6	0
Collins, 3b	1	1	1	0	1
Markle, 2b	0	1	1	3	0
Irwin, c	1	1	8	0	0
Burwell, lf	1	2	0	0	0
Coxey, 1b	1	1	11	2	1
Rouch, cf	1	0	1	0	0
Decker, rf	0	1	1	0	0
Totals	7	10	27	14	2

CENTRE HALL	R	H	O	A	E
Bailey, 2b	0	1	1	2	1
P. Bradford, 3b	1	2	2	2	1
Allison, p, lf	0	0	4	3	0
W. Bradford, lf, p	1	1	1	0	1
Knarr, ss	0	0	0	3	1
Royer, 1b	1	1	12	0	0
C. Smith, c	0	1	6	4	0
S. Smith, cf	0	0	0	0	0
Auman, rf	0	0	0	0	0
Emerick, rf	0	0	1	0	1
Totals	3	6	27	14	5

SCORE BY INNINGS.

Pine Grove	3	0	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	—7
Centre Hall	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	—3

Two base hits, P. Bradford, Coxey, Martz. Struck out by Martz, 7; by Allison, 6; by Bradford, 2.

The Lecture Course.

The chart for the Lecture Course was opened to the public on Saturday evening, and some forty tickets were sold, bringing the total up to one hundred and seventy-seven. This is a larger number than were sold any previous year on the day the chart was opened, and augurs well for the success of the undertaking.

Owing to the fact that an additional row of seats will be added to the north section of the hall, there remain a number of good seats to be sold. On the south side of the hall the seats corresponding to those that will be added, have been regularly occupied by course ticket holders since the first season, which indicates that the locations are desirable

---

Centre Hall will be dry on Tuesday, September 16th.

DEATH FOLLOWS OPERATION.

Mrs. Maggie Harper Dies in Bellefonte Hospital—Other Deaths of the Week.

The death of Mrs. Maggie Harper, when announced on Friday night, caused more than an ordinary feeling of sorrow. Few people knew that she contemplated undergoing a most serious surgical operation, and her death was a shock to many. Mrs. Harper was operated on in the Bellefonte hospital at 3:30 o'clock on Friday afternoon by Dr. Ball of Lock Haven, assisted by Dr. Hayes. She regained partial consciousness and word was sent out that the operation was a success, but at seven o'clock death came. The operation consisted of removing several goiters, from which Mrs. Harper suffered to such an extent that life became a burden.

The body was brought to her home in Centre Hall by Undertaker F. V. Goodhart, and on Monday morning the funeral was held from her home. She was a member of the Reformed church, and her pastor, Rev. R. R. Jones officiated at the services.

Mrs. Harper was the daughter of the late Jesse Klinger. She was married to Simon P. Harper, December 13, 1879, and shortly thereafter she and her husband came to Centre Hall. Mr. Harper died August 7, 1899, and Mrs. Harper continued to live here until her death. She was aged fifty-nine years and three months.

There survives Mrs. Harper an only son, Harry, now located in Bellefonte, also a brother, John Klinger, and these sisters: Mrs. William Derstine, Mrs. Anna Cox, and Mrs. Jane Marshall, all of Bellefonte.

Following a lingering illness with a complication of diseases Mrs. Catharine Spotts, widow of the late David Spotts, died at her home in Union township. Deceased was born at Aaronsburg on February 22nd, 1836, hence was seventy-seven years, five months and twenty-seven days old. Her husband died several years ago but surving her are two daughters, Mrs. Calvin Davidson, of Elwood City, and Miss Elda at home. She also leaves three brothers, Jonas Furl of California; Thomas of Avis, and Samuel of Runville. When a young girl she became a member of the Methodist church and for over fifty years lived a life consistent with its doctrines. Funeral services were held in the M. E church at Unionville on Saturday morning by Rev. H. K. Ash, assisted by Rev. J. F. Collins. Burial was made in the cemetery at Bush Hollow.

Following a long illness with a complication of diseases Mrs. Frances Amelia McEntire, wife of Dr. O. W. McEntire, died at her home in Howard. Her maiden name was Frances E. Sellers and she was born at Filmore on June 14th, 1859. On February 2nd, 1886, she was united in marriage to Dr. McEntire and they began housekeeping at Mill Hall, where they resided until 1891, when they moved to Howard. In addition to her husband she is survived by one daughter, Miss Josephine Catharine. She also leaves one brother and two sisters, namely: A. M. Sellers of Filmore; Mrs. George Musser of Warriorsmark and Mrs. Benner Way of State College. Funeral services were held at her late home at Howard by Rev. W. A. Burcher, of Pennsville, Ohio, and the same afternoon the remains were taken to Bellefonte to the Meyers cemetery for interment.

Mrs. William Bennett passed away at her home in Lewisburg. Her age was fifty-seven years. She was born in Centre county, but fifteen years ago located in Lewisburg.

Mrs. Albright, wife of Rev. G. S. Albright of Winfield, died at the age of fifty-six years. Interment was made at Newport.

Deaths of Centre Countians.

Charles H. Else of Milesburg, aged seventy-two years.

Mrs. Catharine Spotts, widow of David Spotts, died at her home in Union township.

Millersville State Normal—Free Tuition.

Free tuition to students seventeen years of age who are preparing to teach in Pennsylvania. Men and women graduates of the Millersville Normal are filling the most responsible as well as the best paying positions in the schools. It pays to make thorough and careful preparation for a great profession. Fall Term opens September 9th; Winter Term, December 8th; Spring Term, March 24th, 1914. Illustrated catalogue sent free upon request. Write to the principal.

It is only at the primary election, on Tuesday, September 16th, that you will be able to vote for Mr. Zerby for State Committeeman.

LETTER FROM CALIFORNIA.

Former Young Resident of Centre Hall Tells of the Pacific Coast Town of San Francisco.

Guy W. Jacobs, a graduate of Pennsylvania State College, and now employed by the York Manufacturing Company, who is over seeing the construction of a large refrigerating plant in San Francisco, writes the Reporter thus:

Enclosed you will find an editorial which I just clipped from a local paper. Inasmuch as you follow up the political situation pretty closely, I think the clipping will be of some interest to you. You know California is the home of the "Progressives," and they are trying every new thing in the government line under the sun: recall, referendum, municipal ownership of public service corporations, etc.

One week ago I had the pleasure of listening to Gov. Johnson. He is a first class speaker, and his talk in regard to municipal ownership was well worth listening to. I sent a copy of a paper containing an account of the meeting home, and will have them give it to you. Personally I am heartily in favor of municipal ownership, but I cannot see wherein the referendum and recall are of any value. The enclosed clipping speaks for itself. All the laws which were nullified were the very ones which should have gone into effect immediately.

I find San Francisco to be quite an agreeable place to live. I have taken a number of trips through the surrounding country, and have found it to be all as represented. Penns Valley is just as pretty at times, but not for twelve months in a year. There are still a few evidences of the disaster of of seven years ago—principally in the residential section. The business section of the city has all been re-built, and of course is therefore strictly modern and up-to-date.

Remember me to all the folks, and with kindest regards to yourself, I am,

Sincerely Yours,

GUY W. JACOBS.

Good Yield of Wheat.

The first farmer in this neighborhood to thrash his entire crop of wheat was Frank Gfrerer, west of Centre Hall. The field from which the grain was thrashed contained thirteen and one-half acres, and the yield was three hundred and sixty bushels, or a fraction less than 27 bushels per acre. This crop was grown without petting, and is one of a succession of good yields reported by Farmer Gfrerer during the past fifteen years.

Transfer of Real Estate.

D. F. Bowersox et ux to Sarah Weaver, premises in Aaronsburg. $1000.

H. A. Ellis et ux to Charles I. Lucas, tract of land in Boggs twp. $775.

William L. Foster et al to Erma R. Butz, tract of land in State College. $800.

Jefferson Crowel et ux to William G. Showers, tract of land in Rush twp. $475.

Matthias Walker et ux to John Walker, tract of land in Howard twp $100.

Allen Matley to Marie A. Matley, tract of land in Rush twp. $1.

Malinda Magnuson et bar to Lemuel Hipple, tract of land in Boggs twp. $525.

William G. Runkle to George Hendricks, tract of land in Liberty twp. $650.

John Corl et ux to John H. Garman et ux, tract of land in State College. $3600

Thomas Foster et al to Clarion L. Hollobaugh, tract of land in State College. $600.

William L. Foster et al to W. T. Garrett, tract of land in State College. $500.

Salvatore Yosue et ux to George H. Miess, tract of land in Rush twp. $1275.

William E. Tate et ux to Lizzie A. Gingerich, tract of land in Potter twp. $1.

Samuel Gingerich et ux to Wm. E. Tate, tract of land in Potter twp. $1.

Moses Thompson's Exrs. to Geo. B Thompson, tract of land in Patton twp. $9000.

John I. Thompson, Jr., et ux to Geo. B. Thompson, tract of land in Patton twp. $1.

Fertilizers—All Grades.

All grades of fertilizers are in stock at our warehouse. It will pay you to fertilize your wheat crop, no matter if your soil is rich, it can and will produce more buehels of wheat if fertilizers are applied.

J. H. WEBER.
Centre Hall.

Card of Thanks.

The relatives of Mrs. Maggie Harper take this method of returning thanks to the many who rendered assistance at her funeral. GEO. H. EMERICK,
For the relatives.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS

Trespass notices always on sale at this office.

Mrs. John M. Coldron spent a week at the home of her parents in Aaronsburg.

T. L. Smith, the tinner, and John Coldron, put a steel ceiling in Bartholomew's store room.

Farmer George Rowe of Linden Hall paid $2200 for the property in Boalsburg purchased from George Hosterman.

Mr. and Mrs. Simon Spangler of Newton, Kansas, have returned home after a visit among old friends in Penns and Brush Valleys.

Mrs. Lucy Henney is having her residence on Church street repainted. F. M. Ackerman is doing the work, and promises to do it to perfection.

While adjusting the stacker on the Strunk threshing outfit, John Geary was caught by a set screw and was pretty badly squeezed. His blouse sleeve got entangled first, and drew his arm into the cogs.

The Millheim Journal says Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Ulrich and daughter, Edwinna, and Mrs. George Ulrich and daughter, Maggie, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. George Hettinger, near Centre Hill.

Prof. W. R. Gorman, for eight years manager of the Hall estate in Lancaster county, has been made assistant professor of agriculture extension at Pennsylvania State College. He was a former student at State.

The crop from a young apple orchard covering one acre was sold by John G. Rossman to the Centre Hall Evaporating Company for $150. Last year $90 was realized from the same orchard, and two years ago $142. The trees were all sprayed two or more times.

The farmers in the lower portion of Penns Valley are jubilant over the prospect of a fine crop of clover seed. In the section of country about Centre Hall there will be no clover seed, although the second growth of clover is fine on many farms. Most of the clover will be cut for hay.

Misses Isabell Rowe and Cora Luse, who attended a Chatauqua near Point Chautauqua, New York, are at their respective homes in Centre Hall. They are students at the Central State Normal School, Lock Haven, and at the opening of that institution will again resume their studies there.

While ascending a hill near Millheim on a motor cycle, Ray Stover of Aaronsburg discovered a flame of fire shooting from the machine, and lost no time in dismounting. He acted just in time, for in a few minutes after he alighted, the gasoline tank exploded, and did considerable damage to the "Indian."

Snyder county is in the height of the peach crop harvest. The peach trees are yielding large luscious fruit and an abundance of it. The peach growers are bringing their crops to the railroad stations along the S. & L. railroad and rushing the crop to the city markets where the fruit is in great demand at good prices. Single orchards yield from 1000 to 10,000 baskets.

Mr. and Mrs. N. J. Stover of Baldwin, Kansas, are in the east among friends. They left Nittany Valley during the eighties, and during these years have prospered, and are now living retired. Among other places they visited in Central Pennsylvania was Bellefonte, Beech Creek, Williamsport, Montgomery, Sunbury, Berwick, Vicksburg and Coburn. They will be in Centre Hall again during the week of the Encampment.

From the Lewisburg Journal: Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Killian, accompanied by their guest, Mrs. I. A. Shawver of Millheim arrived home Saturday evening from a ten days trip to Philadelphia and Atlantic City. On their return home they stopped off for a day or so at Reading where they visited the family of his brother, G. W. Killian, and also to permit Mr. Killian to look after some walnut timber, and he bought a car load of this wood which is becoming quite scarce in certain sections of the state. They had a most delightful time on the trip.

Paul Murray of Chicago made his appearance in Centre Hall last week for the first time in four years, his wife and little daughter having come here previous to that time. They returned home on Tuesday. Mr. Murray, who is a graduate of the electrical department of Pennsylvania State College, is employed by a city railway company in Chicago, and the engineers have just been set to work to accomplish a most difficult task, that of preventing corrosion of the city water and gas mains by an electrolytic method.

SNAPSHOTS AT STATE NEWS

All Pennsylvania Gleaned for Items of Interest.

REPORTS ABOUT CROPS GOOD

Farmers Busy in Every Locality—Churches Raising Funds for Many Worthy Objects—Items of Business and Pleasure that Interest.

Dr. W. F. Skinner's candidacy for Congress on the Republican ticket was announced at Chambersburg.

Miscreants broke into the composing room of the Slatington Star and pied forms, holding up its publication.

A lion which he teased at a circus tore away the sleeves of John Jakonis and lacerated one of his arms, at Shenandoah.

Having increased salaries of teachers, Waynesboro's School Board added 50 cents a month to the tuition for out-of-town pupils.

His team struck by a P. & R. freight at Tamaqua, Louis Saltzman sustained several fractured ribs and was injured internally.

Enough rock was dislodged by nine tons of dynamite, in a quarry of the Lehigh Portland Cement Company, at Foglesville, to keep the mills busy two years.

York county has an automobile mystery, no owner having yet appeared for a tagless Jackson runabout, found with the clutch jammed, on the Harrisburg pike.

A lake that for many years had been used for boating near Waynesboro disappeared after quarrymen had blasted near by, making a fissure in the rocky bottom.

Her clothing ignited by a kitchen range, Annie Yurkitis, aged 4, was probably fatally burned, at Shenandoah, while her mother, who rescued her, will recover.

State Health Commissioner Dixon has notified the borough outhorities of Ridley Park, that plans for a sewerage disposal plant must be filed not later than July 1, 1914.

Albert Boltz, a blind man, was helped off a train at the station near his home in Lancaster by two strangers. Later he discovered that his pocket had been picked and all his money, $7, taken.

The enforcing of the Midwife Examination law and other subjects in medical practice will be considered by the State Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure at a special meeting to be held on September 9.

A citizens' committee was temporarily organized in Reading for the purpose of securing the very best candidates to run for City Councilmen. This committee will decide upon four of forty candidates.

Mrs. Ida Von Philip filed a suit for $10,000 damages for alleged alienation of the affections of her husband, Bertil Von Philip, an Easton mechanical engineer. Miss Susan D. Bonham is defendant in the action.

Samuel E. Bleiler refused a transfer of license on the outskirts of Lancaster when the Court told him he could have it made, conditioned on his refusing to sell liquor to women in the side rooms. Without that trade he claimed he would not make a living.

Several hundred members of the Croutnamel Family Association attended the annual reunion at Tohickon Park, when a historical address was delivered by E. Stanton Yoder, of Philadelphia, historian. After a big family dinner beneath the trees, there was a musical and literary program.

It is now assured that Chester will be visited by a battleship during the week of the State Firemen's Association's convention. This morning Collector William H. Berry, who with Congressman A. Mitchell Palmer, interceded in behalf of the West End Boat Club, which proposes to conduct a water carnival and speed boat contest on the Delaware River, received a letter from Secretary of of the Navy Daniels saying the commander of the reserve fleet at Philadelphia and been directed to detail a vessel to visit Chester. The warship will remain anchored all day off the West End Boat Club's headquarters. Mayor William Ward, Jr., will act as judge of the water pageant and speed boat contests.

Contracting with outside men to remove the pillars left standing for the support of the surface caused another strike at the Von Storch colliery of the Lackawanna company at Scranton.

When Mrs. Anna R. Little, of Pottsville, aged 82, scratched a match in a closet today she unintentionally set fire to a quantity of turpentine spilled there. The flames smothered the woman, who was rescued by Dr. L. T. Kennedy, who happened to be passing. She was not seriously injured.

PEACE PALACE IS DEDICATED

Carnegie's Gift to Arbitration at The Hague.

ROYALTY ATTENDS CEREMONY

Dutch Foreign Minister In Accepting Building Says "Eternal Peace" Is Not Near.

The Hague.—The Palace of Peace was dedicated here Thursday. The ceremony of handing the edifice over to the Dutch Foreign Minister was carried out in the great courts in the presence of Queen Wilhelmina, Dowager Queen Emma and Prince Consort Henry. These were surrounded by a distinguished gathering of diplomats, representatives of peace societies and people prominent in the arts and sciences.

Abraham van Karnebeek, president of the Carnegie Foundation, with a brief speech, handed the palace into care of its appointed custodians. He eulogized the interest shown in the peace movement by the Queen and emphasized the significance of the inauguration of the palace, expressing particularly thanks for the generosity of Andrew Carnegie. Jonkheer Reneke van Swinderen, the retiring Dutch Minister for Foreign Affairs, then accepted the custody of the building on behalf of the diplomatic corps, in which it is vested under the presidency of the Dutch Foreign Ministry.

He referred to the opening of the palace as an important page which has been added to the history of arbitration. He paid tributes to the late Melville W. Fuller, former Chief Justice of the United States Supreme Court; to Nicholas Muravieff, former Russian Minister of Justice; to Auguste Beernaert, former Belgian Minister of State; to T. M. C. Asser, former Dutch Minister and Councilor of State, and to others now dead who had adorned the Court of Arbitration.

Then, turning to Mr. Carnegie, who was standing beside him, and breaking into English, he eulogized the donor of the building for his "high-spirited munificence."

Reverting into French, the Foreign Minister continued:

"Will the edifice live up to its high-sounding name? No, not if that name is taken to imply that its bell will shortly ring in the inauguration of 'eternal peace'—two words which are always out of place except when they are inscribed over the gate of a cemetery. Yes, if expectations do not attempt a flight beyond the borders of what is humanly possible of realization."

IMPERATOR SWEPT BY FIRE.

Small Army of Steerage Passengers In a Wild Panic.

New York.—The steamship Imperator, largest vessel afloat, was swept by fire as she lay at her dock in Hoboken with her crew and 1,131 steerage passengers aboard.

Second Officer Gobrecht, who led the crew into the hold to fight the flames, was cut off from his men, enveloped in a cloud of smoke and suffocated. His body was found an hour afterward, untouched by fire, and brought ashore.

A seaman whose identity has not yet been determined, one of the party who went down with Gobrecht into the bowels of the vessel, also perished. A fleet of fire-fighting craft, augmented by apparatus on shore, surrounded the ship and poured tons of water into her hold. When the fire was checked, at 8 o'clock, the great vessel had listed 15 degrees.

The small army in the steerage, aroused from their sleep by the crackling of flames, rushed, panic-stricken, for the pier. Most of them spent the remainder of the night, huddled in discomfort, at the shore end of the pier.

BOLT FROM CLEAR SKY KILLS.

Man Struck On Head By Lightning Dies Instantly.

Atlantic City.—James Lee was struck on the top of the head by a bolt of lightning that descended from a sky where there was not the least semblance of a cloud and instantly killed at Obsecon. He was tying up his motorboat when struck down.

NANKING HAS FALLEN.

The Rebels In China Lose Their Last Stronghold.

London.—An exchange telegraph company's dispatch from Shanghai announces that Nanking has fallen, depriving the rebels of their last stronghold.

LIGHTNING HITS SCHOONER.

Every One On Board Stunned and Thrown To Deck.

Boston.—The fishing schooner Annie and Jennie came into port with its crew still suffering from the effects of an electric shock sustained when the vessel was struck by lightning. The bolt jarred the schooner from stem to stern and everyone on board was stunned and thrown to the deck. One sailor was temporarily paralyzed. The schooner was only slightly damaged.

WIFEY'S BACK

(Copyright.)

PREMIER ASQUITH IS ASSAULTED

Statesman Roughly Handled By Stalwart Suffragettes.

ATTACKED ON GOLF LINKS.

Prime Minister's Daughter Goes To Father's Assistance and Uses Militant Tactics.

Elgin, Scotland.—The British Prime Minister was the object of an attack in which his chivalry restrained him from adequately defending himself.

While he was golfing with his daughter on the Lossiemouth links two stalwart suffragettes, who had quietly come up to the green, sprang at him suddenly.

They knocked off his hat, grabbed him by the clothing and dragged him some distance over the ground.

The Prime Minister bore his rough treatment complacently and refrained from using force to make them desist, while they imparted to him their opinion that he was a scoundrel and a past master in the arts of Ananias.

Miss Asquith, who was a little distance off when the suffragettes pounced on her father, ran to his assistance and proceeded to apply militant methods to the militants.

The battle waged for only a few moments when two detectives rushed up and with difficulty released Mr. Asquith from the clutches of the suffragettes.

The detectives took the woman to the club lodge, where, after listening to various opinions of themselves hardly less complimentary than those they had given to the Premier, they were taken in a motorcar and driven to the Elgin Police Station to the accompaniment of much booing and hissing and repeated cries of "Let us get at them; we will duck them in the sea."

At the station the women refused to give their names or addresses.

BLAMES THE FLY.

Medical Men Say It Transmits To Animal Infantile Paralysis.

St. Louis, Mo.—Announcement was made that tests conducted at St. Louis University by the research committee of the St. Louis Medical Association indicated that the fly was a necessary agent in the transmission from animal to animal of a disease that greatly resembles infantile paralysis. Many of the symptoms of infantile paralysis have not been discovered in the infected animals, but the similarity of sufficiently striking to incline the investigators to believe that the diseases are identical.

DITCHED CAR TO SAVE CAT.

Autoist's Superstition Caused Injury To His Party.

Terre Haute, Ind.—Fearing evil luck would follow him the rest of his days if he ran over a cat that meandered leisurely across the road in front of his speeding automobile, E. C. Crown, of Oakland, Ill., ditched his car, containing five persons, near St. Mary of the Woods. Brown's hands were severely lacerated; Miss Nadine Ewing, of Louisville, Ky., received a broken arm, while Miss Bertha Walker and Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Cooper, of Terre Haute, were bruised and badly shaken up.

FAILED TO SEE TRAIN.

Mr. and Mrs. Porter Killed In Their Auto At Railroad Crossing.

South Deerfield, Mass.—Mr. and Mrs. Sherman B. Porter, of Springfield, were instantly killed when their automobile was struck by an express train on the Boston and Maine Railroad at a grade crossing near here. Frederick W. Bennett, their chauffeur, also of Springfield, was thrown 100 feet, but escaped with minor injuries.

HARRY K. THAW WINS BIG VICTORY

Discontinuance of Writ of Habeas Corpus Granted.

NEW YORK RULED AGANIST.

Successful Effort Of Fugitive's Attorneys Greeted With a Wild Outburst From Spectators In Court.

Sherbrooke, Quebec.—Harry K. Thaw won three victories over the New York state authorities and was locked in the Sherbrooke jail, immune, for the time being, from the Dominion immigration authorities, after having received an ovation from the townspeople of Sherbrooke that would have done honor to a prince of royal blood.

So riotous was the scene in the Superior Court when, at the morning session, Judge Arthur Globensky refused to allow counsel representing New York State to be a party to the proceedings that the court subsequently warned spectators that a repetition of the cheering, chair-climbing, handkerchief-waving and general hysteria would mean jail sentences for the demonstrants.

Speaking from the bench at the afternoon session he said that never in his experience as a member of the bar and of the bench had he been a witness to "such a disgraceful scene."

Messrs. Jerome and Kennedy will confer at Quebec with the attorney general of the province in the hope that he, as the province's chief officer of the crown, may be able to open the legal lock that holds Thaw in jail.

Points Thaw Won.

The three points in which Thaw's lawyers were successful in their first legal skirmish were:

1. New York State was denied the right to be party to the proceedings in court.

2. Counsel for the State failed in their efforts to have Thaw arraigned before a magistrate and the commitment on which he is held quashed. This would have released him to the immigration officers.

3. Judge Globensky granted the plea of Thaw's counsel for a discontinuance of the writ of habeas corpus which might have brought about his release. This remedied a strategic blunder made last week by Thaw's attorneys, who apparently did not realize then that in seeking their client's release they were playing into the opposition's hands.

CARNEGIE DECORATED.

Queen Wilhelmina Confers Distinction Upon Philanthropist.

The Hague, Netherlands. — The Grand Cross of the Order of Orange-Nassau was conferred on Andrew Carnegie by Queen Wilhelmina, of the Netherlands, in commemoration of the inauguration of the Palace of Peace. A similar decoration was bestowed on Abraham Pieter, Cornelius Van Karnebeek, president of the Carnegie Foundation, and minor distinctions on others connected with the Palace of Peace.

A MILLION-DOLLAR FIRE.

Extensive Lumber Yards At Bay Point, Cal., Prey Of Flames.

Bay Point, Cal.—Fire in the lumber yards of the C. A. Smith Company here caused damage estimated at $1,000,000. It was subdued by dynamite and by a change of wind.

AGED CLERGYMAN DIES.

Rev. Dr. Aughinbaugh Had Served Pastorate At Emmitsburg.

Chambersburg, Pa.—Rev. George W. Aughinbaugh, one of the oldest Reformed clergymen in the United States, died at his home in Green Village. He was 95 years old. Dr. Aughinbaugh was born in this city and was formerly president of Palatinate College at Myerstown, Pa., and principal of Mercersburg Academy.

APPLIED HYGIENE IN PHILIPPINES

Farther Advanced Than in This Country.

METHODS VERY DIFFERENT.

Parents Carry Out Instructions Of Health Office Because Of the Children—Schools Open While Epidemic Is Raging.

Buffalo, N. Y.—Practical and applied hygiene is much farther advanced in the Philippines than in the United States, according to Dr. Allen J. McLaughlin, surgeon of the United States Public Health Service, who was one of the speakers at the sessions of the fourth international congress on school hygiene.

"In this country," said Dr. McLaughlin, "we are prone to overlook the enormous influence of schoolchildren upon the hygiene of the home. The children of poor, ill-educated parents are often the intermediary through which the simple gospel of hygiene and disease prevention reaches the parents. In the Philippines, in many instances, it is only because of the children that the parents carry out the instructions of the health officer.

"With an epidemic of contagious disease existing there is a tendency in most communities to close the schools. In the Philippines, on the contrary, it is the policy of the bureau to keep schools open because of their extraordinary value in teaching the precepts of disease prevention."

Open-air schools and open schoolrooms was the general topic of the day, and it was practically the unanimous opinion of the delegates that children in rooms with windows wide open, even during the winter months, are immeasurably more healthful and make more rapid progress in their studies than under other conditions.

BIG BLAZE AT EASTON.

Several Buildings Destroyed Or Badly Damaged.

Easton, Md.—Threatening for a time the business section, fire, which started in the meat store of Samuel Norris, on Market Space, damaged three large buildings, one of them the Easton Emergency Hospital, from which the terrified patients were removed. The loss approximates $10,000.

Only the efficient work of members of the Easton Volunteer Fire Company, who were assisted by several hundred citizens, prevented the blaze from spreading. The buildings that suffered were:

Samuel Norris' meat store. This was a three-story building and it was destroyed.

Easton Emergency Hospital; three stories; rear damaged by fire and the interior by water.

Philip Hopkins' shoe store; building burned and stock damaged by water.

Slight damage was suffered by E E. Stermer, who has a jewelry store on the first floor of the hospital; E. G. Cover, who has a millinery store in the same building, and Alexander McDaniel, whose insurance office is also on the first floor of this building.

FIVE IN AUTO KILLED.

Special Train On the Pennsylvania Strikes Machine At Crossing.

Freeport, Pa.—J. E. Rowan, aged 35, his wife, two children and his sister-in-law, Mrs. Allen Wood Smith, all of Brackenridge, were killed when their automobile was struck by a special train on the Pennsylvania Railroad, at Lane Station, Laneville, near here. The train carried R. L. O'Donnell, general superintendent of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and other officials, who were making an inspection trip. Rowan, his wife and a child, a year old, were killed instantly. A second child and Rowan's sister-in-law died two hours after the accident.

TOY LADY DEAD.

Hundreds Of Washington Children Mourn Miss France's Demise.

Washington.—Hundreds of children with tear-wet eyes mourned the passing of Miss Kate, "the toy lady," whose funeral drew them to St. Mary's Church. Miss Kate France was proprietor of a store known as the "Lincoln toy shop," because during the Civil War Tad Lincoln made all his purchases there and oftentimes, accompanied by his father, visited the place to feast his eyes on the treasures it contained. Miss France was 63 years old and had "grown up" with the shop.

WILL BECOME A FARMER.

Weston, the Veteran Pedestrian, Purchases Land In Minnesota.

Minneapolis, Minn.—Edward Payson Weston, after a lifetime of walking on many famous trips, will become a Minnesota farmer. Returning from a trip to the Lake of the Woods, he announced that he had purchased a farm five miles from Warroa, in Bosau county, and that next spring he would take up his residence there.

VOCATION CLASS OPEN FOR MINERS

Educational Extension Under State Auspices 15 Districts

NEW STATE FOREST RULES

Chester to Have Warship Visitor—American Flees Own Land Under Alien's Threats—Lawyer Gored By Bull—Keystone Notes.

Harrisburg.—Fifteen evening classes in industrial education are now assured in as many different school districts throughout the State, according to reports filed with the State school officials, and many more are expected before the fall school terms open. All these 15 districts are in the coal regions and the pupils will be miners. Numerous other districts have indicated that they will organize classes in industrial work, agriculture or household arts. Three different types of such schools are being considered by the State in mapping out a general plan of assistance for vocational training. There will be all-day school the continuation school to supplement the regular course, and the evening school. The State Board of Education has approved a bulletin prepared by the State Educational Department defining vocational education and interpreting the law passed by the last Legislature. It is now in the hands of the printer. Attention is called to the fact that the Commonwealth, under the act, will give school districts and unions of school districts maintaining vocational classes an amount equal to two-thirds of that expended during the previous school term for instruction in practical subjects and closely related technical and academic subjects, with $5000 as a maximum. The law makes no provision for reimbursement for the teaching of manual training and domestic science as generally conducted, and in order to be approved for State aid the courses must be strictly vocational and carried on in accordance with State requirements. Vocational education, according to the bulletin, must give definite preparation for a definite occupation.

American Flees Threats of Alien.

Shamokin.—In dread of a vendetta, Fidele Heitzman, an American, mysteriously disappeared and is reported to be on the way to Alaska, where he hopes to hide in the Northwest territory and be safe from the thrust of a stiletto at the hands of vengeful aliens. Heitzman was a miner at a local colliery. Last March he met Paola Villa in a restaurant, and, the men not being on good terms, engaged in an argument, which terminated in a gun fight. They exchanged a half dozen shots at each other in the barroom, both being wounded.

Then Heitzman's alien foeman suddenly lost his nerve and fled to the second floor of the establishment, with Heitzman in pursuit. As Villa tried to hide behind a table Heitzman shot him to death. Heitzman was removed to a hospital, where he lay for weeks in a critical condition from a number of pistol shot wounds.

Before Heitzman could leave the institution friends of Villa had him arrested on the charge of murder. A jury acquitted Heitzman, who came here. Soon threatening letters from anonymous writers arrived, telling him to leave the country, else he would be killed. The authorities gave him permission to go armed.

When friends of Villa started shadowing him Heitzman decided to disappear.

Rules for New Forests.

Harrisburg.—At the meeting of the State Forestry Reservation Commission, September 5, rules and regulations will be adopted to put into effect the auxiliary forest reserve laws of 1913. The new laws provide that Forest Commissioner Conklin shall have charge of the administration of the reserves, subject to the approval of the commission. Lands set aside as auxiliary forest reserves shall be assessed at the rate of $1 per acre and taxed at the prevailing local rate. None of the timber grown on such lands, as long as they are under the supervision of the commission, can be touched except by the permission of the commission. When timber is cut for sale, 10 per cent. of the selling price is to go to the county to replace what the county last through low taxation. The State will pay two cents per acre on all forest reserves for school, road and poor district purposes. About 30 land owners who desire to take advantage of the new laws have already applied to Commissioner Conklin.

Blind Horses Run Away.

Doylestown.—Leaving his blind horse standing in front of a local hotel Boni Scherr walked away while the animal was drinking. The horse started across the street, going faster as it went. At State and Main streets it collided with a wagon. In front of Lenape Hall the wagon struck a telegraph pole, when the horse broke loose and dashed across Main street, going straight for the express office door and striking the door frame. Projections cut the animal's shoulder and knocked the right eyeball out.

SECRET SERVICE
BEING THE HAPPENINGS OF A NIGHT IN RICHMOND IN THE SPRING OF 1865
THE PLAY BY
WILLIAM GILLETTE;
BY CYRUS TOWNSEND BRADY
ILLUSTRATIONS BY EDGAR BERT SMITH
COPYRIGHT 1912 BY DODD, MEAD AND COMPANY

11

SYNOPSIS.

Mrs. Varney, wife of a Confederate general, has lost one son and another is him of the commission from the presidying from wounds. She reluctantly gives her consent for Wilfred, the youngest, to join the army if his father consents. The federals are making their last assault in an effort to capture Richmond. Edith Varney secures from President Davis a commission for Capt. Thorne, who is just recovering from wounds, as chief of the telegraph at Richmond. Capt. Thorne tells Edith he has been ordered away. She declares he must not go and tells dent. He is strangely agitated and declares he cannot accept. Thorne decides to escape while Edith leaves the room to get the commission, but is prevented by the arrival of Caroline Mitford, Wilfred's sweetheart. Mr. Arrelsford of the Confederate secret service, a rejected suitor of Edith's, detects Jonas, Mrs. Varney's butler, carrying a note from a prisoner in Libby prison. Arrelsford suspects it is intended for Thorne. The note reads: "Attack tonight. Plan 3. Use Telegraph." Arrelsford declares Thorne is Lewis Dumont of the Federal secret service, and that his brother Henry is a prisoner in Libby. Edith refuses to believe and suggests that Thorne be confronted with the prisoner as a test. Caroline and Wilfred collaborate on a letter to the general asking permission for Wilfred to join the army. An order comes from General Varney for Wilfred to report to the front at once. Edith is forced to carry out her part in the test of Thorne. She gives him the message taken from Jonas, which he reads without betraying himself. He suspects that he is being watched.

CHAPTER IX.

The Shot That Killed.

A glance through the window showed Captain Thorne that the yard beyond, which had been empty all evening, was now full of armed men. The corporal had gone out through the hall door back of the house whence he had entered. There was no doubt but that the back windows would be equally well guarded. The house was surrounded, no escape was possible. He was trapped, virtually a prisoner, although, for the time being, they had left him a certain liberty—the liberty of that one large room! It was quite evident to him that he was the object of their suspicions, and he more than feared that his real affiliations had been at last discovered.

Apparently, there would be no opportunity now in which he could carry out his part in the cunningly devised scheme of attack. "Plan 3" would evidently result in failure, as so many previous plans had resulted, because he would not be able to send the orders that would weaken the position. The best he could hope for, in all probability, was the short shrift of a spy. He had staked his life on the game and it appeared that he had lost.

Nay, more than life had been wagered, honor. He knew the contempt in which the spy was held; he knew that even the gallantry and intrepidity of Andre and Hale had not saved them from opprobrium and disgrace.

And there was even more than honor upon the board. His love! Not the remotest idea of succumbing to the attractions of Edith Varney ever entered his head when he attempted the desperate, the fatal role. At first he had regarded the Varney house and herself as a chessboard and a pawn in the game. The strength of character which had enabled him to assume the unenviable part he played, because of his country's need, for his country's good, and which would have carried him through the obloquy and scorn that were sure to be visited upon him—with death at the end—did not stand him in good stead when it came to thoughts of her. Until he yielded to his passion, and broke his self-imposed vow of silence, he had fought a good fight. Now he realized that the woman who should accept his affections would compromise herself forever in the eyes of everything she held dear, even if he succeeded and lived, which was unlikely.

He had never, so he fancied, in the least and remotest way given her any evidence that he loved her. In reality, she had read him like an open book, as women always do. He had come there that night to get the message from Jonas, and then to bid her goodbye forever, without disclosing the state of his affections. If he succeeded in manipulating the telegraph and carrying out his end of the project, he could see no chance of escape. Ultimate detection and execution appeared certain, and any avowal would therefore be useless. But he had counted without her. She had shown her feelings, and he had fallen. To the temptation of her presence and her artless disclosure, he had not been able to make adequate resistance.

He was the last man on earth to blame her or to reproach her for that; but the fierce, impetuous temperament of the man was overwhelming when it once broke loose, and he felt that he must tell her or die.

Because of his iron self-repression for so long he was the less able to stand the pressure in the end. He had thrown everything to the winds, and had told her how he loved her.

Out there in the moonlight in the rose arbor, the scent of the flowers, the southern night wind, the proximity of the girl, her eyes shining like stars out of the shadows in which they stood, the pallor of her face, the rise and fall of her bosom, the fluttering of her hand as unwittingly or wittingly, who knows, she touched him, had intoxicated him, and his love and passion had broken all bounds, and he had spoken to her and she had answered. She loved him. What did that mean to him now?

Sometimes woman's love makes duty easy, sometimes it makes it hard. Sometimes it is the crown which victors wear, and sometimes it is the pall that overshadows defeat.

What Edith Varney knew or suspected concerning him, he could not tell. That she knew something, that she suspected something, had been evident, but whatever her knowledge and suspicion, they were not sufficiently powerful or telling to prevent her from returning love for love, kiss for kiss. But did she love him in spite of her knowledge and suspicion? The problem was too great for his solution then.

These things passed through his mind as he stood there by the window, with his hand on his revolver, waiting. It was all he could do. Sometimes even to the most fiery and the most alert of soldiers comes the conviction that there is nothing to do but wait. And if he thinks of it he will sympathize with the women who are left behind in times of war, who have little to do but wait.

The room had suddenly become his world, the walls his horizon, the ceiling his sky. At any exit he would find the way barred. Why had they left him in the room, free, armed, his revolver in his hand?

None but the bravest would have entered upon such a career as he had chosen. His nerves were like steel in the presence of danger. He had trembled before the woman in the garden a moment since; the stone walls of the house were no more rigidly composed than he in the drawing-

The Yard Was Full of Armed Men.

room now. It came to him that there was nothing left but one great battle in that room unless they shot him from behind door or window or portiere, giving him no chance. If they did confront him openly he would show them that if he had chosen the secret service and the life of a spy he could fight and die like a man and a soldier. He held some lives within the chamber of his revolver, and they should pay did they give him but a chance.

In the very midst of these crowding and tumultuous thoughts which ran through his mind in far, far less time than it has taken to record them, he heard a noise at the window at the farther side of the room, as if some one fumbled at the catch. Instantly Thorne shrank back behind the portieres of the window he was guarding, not completely concealing himself but sufficiently hid as to be unobserved except by careful scrutiny in the dim light. Once more he clutched the butt of his revolver swinging at his waist. He bent his body slightly, and even the thought of Edith Varney passed from his mind. He stood ready, powerful, concentrated, determined, confronting an almost certain enemy with the fierce heart and envenomed glance of the fighter at bay.

He had scarcely assumed this position when the window was opened, and a man was thrust violently through into the room. At the first glance Thorne, as yet unseen, recognized the newcomer as his elder brother, Henry Dumont. Unlike the two famous brothers of the parable, these two loved each other.

Thorne's muscles relaxed, his hand still clutched the butt of his revolver, he was still alert, but here was not an enemy. He began at once to fathom something at least of the plan and the purpose of the people who had trapped him. In a flash he perceived that his enemies were not yet in possession of all the facts which would warrant them in laying hands upon him. He was suspected, but the final evidence upon which to turn suspicion into certainty was evidently lacking. He could feel, although he could not see them, that every door and window had eyes solely for him, and that he was closely watched for some false move which would betray him. The plan for which he had ventured so much was still possible; he had not yet failed. His heart leaped in his breast. The clouds around his horizon lifted a little. There was yet a possibility that he could succeed, that he could carry out his part of the cunningly devised and desperate undertaking, the series of events of which this night and the telegraph office were to be the culmination.

A less cautious and a less resourceful man might have evinced some emotion, might have gone forward or spoken to the newcomer, would have at least done something to have attracted his attention, but save for that relaxation of the tension, which no one could by any possibility observe, Thorne stood motionless, silent, waiting; just as he might have stood and waited had he been what he seemed and the newcomer been utterly unknown and indifferent to him.

Henry Dumont had been thrust violently into the room by the soldiers outside. He had been captured, as Arrelsford had said, earlier in the day; he had allowed himself to be taken. He had been thrust into Libby prison with dozens of prisoners taken in the same sortie. He had not been searched, but then none of the others had been; had he been selected for that unwonted immunity alone it would have awakened his suspicions, but the Confederates had made a show of great haste in disposing of their prisoners, and had promised to search them in the morning. Therefore Henry Dumont had retained the paper which later he had given Jonas, when by previous arrangement he made his daily visit to the prison.

He had been greatly surprised, when about a quarter to nine o'clock a squad of soldiers had taken him from the prison, had marched him hurriedly through the streets with which he was entirely unfamiliar, and had taken him to the residence section of the city, and had halted at the back of a big house. He had asked no questions, and no explanations had been vouchsafed to him. He was more surprised than ever when he was taken up to the porch, the window was opened, and he was thrust violently into a room, so violently that he staggered and had some difficulty in recovering his balance.

He made a quick inspection of the room. Thorne, in the deeper shadows at the farther end of the room was invisible to him. He stood motionless save for the turning of his head as he looked around him. He moved a few steps toward the end of the room, opposite his entrance, passed by the far door opening into the back hall which was covered with portieres, and went swiftly toward the near door into the front hall. The door was slightly ajar, and as he came within range of the opening he saw in the shadows of the hall, crossed bayonets and men. No escape that way!

He went on past the door toward the large windows at the front of the house and in another moment would have been at the front window where Thorne stood. The latter dropped the curtain and stepped out into the room.

For the thousandth part of a second the two brothers stared at each other, and then, in a fiercely intense voice, Thorne, playing his part, desperately called out:

"Halt! You are a prisoner!"

Both brothers were quick witted, both knew that they were under the closest observation, both realized that they were expected to betray relationship, which would incriminate both, and probably result fatally for one and certainly ruin the plan. Thorne's cue was to regard his brother as the prisoner whom it was important to arrest, and Dumont's cue was to regard his brother as an enemy with whom it was his duty to struggle. The minds of the two were made up instantly. With a quick movement Dumont sought to pass his brother, but with a movement equally rapid Thorne leaped upon him, shouting again:

"Halt, I say!"

The two men instantly grappled. It was no mimic struggle that they engaged in, either. They were of about equal height and weight; if anything, Thorne was the stronger, but this advantage was offset by the fact that he had been recently ill, and the two fought therefore on equal terms at first. It was a fierce, desperate grapple in which they met. As they struggled, both by a common impulse, reeled toward that part of the room near the mantel which was farthest away from doors or windows, and where they would be the least likely to be overheard or to be more closely observed. As they fought together, Thorne called out again:

"Corporal of the guard, here is your man! Corporal of the guard, what are you doing?"

At that instant the two reeling bodies struck the wall next to the mantel with a fearful smash, and a chair that stood by was overturned by a quick movement on the part of Henry Dumont, who did not know his brother had already received the important message. In the confusion of

"Look Out, Harry! You'll Hurt Yourself."

the moment, he hissed in Thorne's ear:

"Attack tonight, plan 3, use telegraph! Did you get that?"

"Yes," returned Thorne, still keeping up the struggle.

"Good," said Dumont. "They are watching us. Shoot me in the leg."

"No, I can't do it," whispered Thorne.

All the while the two men were reeling and staggering and struggling against the wall and furniture. The encounter would have deceived the most suspicious.

"Shoot, shoot," said the elder.

"I can't shoot my brother," the younger panted out.

"It is the only way to throw them off the scent," persisted Dumont.

"I won't do it," answered Thorne, and then he shouted again:

"Corporal of the guard, I have your prisoner!"

"Let me go, damn you!" roared Dumont furiously, making another desperate effort—"if you don't do it, I will," he added under his breath. "Give me the revolver!"

"No, no, Harry," was the whispered reply, and "Surrender, curse you!" the shouted answer. "You'll hurt yourself," he pleaded.

"I don't care," muttered Dumont. "Let me have it."

His hands slipped down from Thorne's shoulders and grasped the butt of the revolver. The two grappled fiercely, but the struggle was beginning to tell on Thorne, who was not yet in full possession of his physical vitality. His long illness had sapped his strength.

"Don't, don't, for God's sake!" he whispered, and then shouted desperately: "Here's your man, corporal, what's the matter with you?"

"Give me that gun," said Dumont, and in spite of himself his voice rose again. There was nothing suspicious in the words, it was what he might have said had the battle been a real one; as he spoke by a more violent effort he wrenched the weapon from the holster and away from Thorne's detaining hand. The latter sought desperately to repossess himself of it.

"Look out, Harry! You'll hurt yourself," he implored, but the next moment by a superhuman effort Dumont threw him back. As Thorne staggered, Dumont turned the pistol on himself. Recovering himself with incredible swiftness, Thorne leaped at his brother, and the two figures went down together with a crash in the midst of which rang out the sharp report of the heavy weapon. Instead of shooting himself harmlessly in the side, in the struggle Dumont had unfortunately shot himself through the lung.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

COMMERCIAL

Weekly Review of Trade and Market Reports.

Bradstreet's says:

"Optimism concurrent with good buying furnish the keynotes for this week's trade report. Visiting buyers have held sway in most of the country's leading markets, and while those from parts of the drought-afflicted Southwest have operated rather conservatively, the general run have bought with more or less liberality. In consequence, house trade, especially in dry goods and allied lines has broadened perceptibly.

"Taken by and large, the situation is encouraging, and it is patent that the prolonged policy of buying from hand to mouth has stripped shelves, as the result of which a reaction toward rather extensive buying has set in. Advices from textile mill centres indicate that idle machinery is starting up and at the same time complaints of slow deliveries abound.

"Business failures for the week were 278, which compares with 264 in 1912.

"Wheat, including flour, exports from the United States and Canada for the week aggregate 7,032,587 bushels, against 3,338,569 bushels last year."

Wholesale Markets

NEW YORK.—Wheat—Spot steady; No. 2 red, 94¼c c i f export basis prompt and 95¾ f o b afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.00¾ f o b afloat.

Corn — Spot firm; export, 84¼ nominal f o b afloat.

Butter—Steady; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 21½c; No. 2, 19@20½.

Cheese—Firm; receipts, 1,949 boxes; state, whole milk, fresh, white and colored, specials, 15¼; do, average fancy, 14¾@15; undergrades, 11@14½.

Eggs—Fresh gathered, dirties, No. 2 and poorer, 10@17½; refrigerator, seconds, 22@23½; do, lower grades, 19@21.

Dressed Poultry—Weak; fresh-killed Western chickens, 17@22½; fowls, 16@19½; turkeys, 18@20.

PHILADELPHIA.—Wheat— No. 2 red, spot and August, 88½@89c; steamer, 86½@87c; No. 3 red, 85½@86c; rejected, "in," 82½@83c; No. 1 Northern Duluth, 99c@$1.

Corn—Cor lots for local trade, as to location: No. 2 yellow, natural, 84@85c; steamer yellow natural, 83½@84c.

Oats—No. 2 white, old, 49@49½c; do, new, 48@48½c; standard white, old, 48@48½c; do, new, 47@47½c; No. 3 white, old, 47@47½c; do, new, 45@46c; No. 4, new, 43@44c; sample, new, 39@42c.

BALTIMORE.—Wheat—No. 2 red, Western, 93¾; No. 2 red, 92¾; No. 3 red, 91¾; steamer, No. 2 red, 90¾.

Corn—Fresh shelled yellow corn, on track, for domestic delivery, at 88¾@84c per bushel for car lots on spot.

Oats—Standard white, 46@46¼; No. 3 white, 45@45¼; No. 4 white, 44@44½.

Rye—No. 1 rye, Western, domestic, 71@72c; No. 2 do do, 69@70; No. 2 do, export, 66@66½; No. 3 do do, 63@63¼; No. 4 do do, 62@62½; bag lots nearby, as to quality, new, 60@70.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, $17.50@18; standard timothy, $17; No. 2 timothy, $16.50; No. 3 do, $13.50@15; light clover mixed, $16@16.50; No 1 do, $15.50@16; No. 2 do, $13.50@14; heavy do, $15@15.50; No. 1 clover, $15@15.50; No. 2 do, $12@14.

Straw—No. 1 straight rye, new, $14; No. 2 do do, $13; No. 1 tangled rye, $11@12; No. 2 do, $10@11; No. 1 wheat, $7.50; No. 2 do, $7; No. 1 oat, $9@10; No. 2 do, $8@8.50.

Butter—Creamery, fancy, 28½@29; choice, 27½@28; good, 26@27; prints, 29@31; blocks, 28@30. Ladies, 22@23c. Maryland and Pennsylvania rolls, 21@23c. Ohio rolls, 21@22. West Virginia rolls, 21c. Storepacked 21c. Maryland Virginia and Pennsylvania dairy prints 21c.

Cheese—We quote jobbing lots, per pound, 16½@17c.

Eggs—Maryland, Pennsylvania and nearby firsts, 24c; Western firsts, 24; West Virginia firsts, 24; Southern firsts, 23.

Live Poultry.—Chickens, old hens, heavy, 16c; do, small to medium, 16; do, old roosters, 10@11; do, spring, large, 18; do, small to medium, 10@11; do, spring, large, 17@18; do, small to medium, 17@18c. Ducks, old, 12c; do, spring 3 pounds and over, 14; do, smaller, 12.

Live Stock

CHICAGO.—Hogs—Bulk of sales, $7.80@8.50; light, $8.35@9; mixed, $7.50@9; heavy, $7.40@8.70; rough, $7.40@7.65; pigs, $4.25@8.25.

Cattle — Beeves, $7@9.15; Texas steers, $6.75@7.70; stockers and feeders, $5.45@7.90; cows and heifers, $3.60@8.40.

Calves, $8@11.50.

Sheep and lambs, 10@20c higher; native, $3.75@4.75; yearlings, $5@6; native lambs, $5.60@8.10.

KANSAS CITY.—Hogs—Bulk, $8.60@8.90; nearby, $8.50@8.85; packers and butchers', $8.65@8.90; light, $8.40@8.9†; pigs, $5.50@7.

Sheep—Lambs, $6@7.70; yearlings, $4.75@6; wethers, $4.50@5; ewes, $2.50@4.75; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.50.

ATTORNEYS.

D. F. FORTNEY
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office North of Court House.

W. HARRISON WALKER
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Rm. 20 W. High Street.
All professional business promptly attended to

J. D. GETTIS Jno. J. BOWER W. D. SEIBERT
GETTIS, BOWER & SEIBERT
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
EAGLE BLOCK
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Successors to GETTIS, BOWER & GETTIS
Consultation in English and German.

H. B. SPANGLER
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Practices in all the courts. Consultation in English and German. Office, Crider's Exchange Building.

CLEMENT DALE
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office N. W. corner Diamond, two doors from First National Bank.

Penn's Valley Banking Company
CENTRE HALL, PA.
W. B. MINGLE, Cashier
Receives Deposits . .
Discounts Notes . . .

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the
Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.
MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Jno. F. Gray & Son
(Successors to GRANT HOOVER)
Control Sixteen of the Largest Fire and Life Insurance Companies in the World. . . . .
THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST . . .
No Mutuals
No Assessments
Before insuring your life see the contract of THE HOME which in case of death between the tenth and twentieth years returns all premiums paid in addition to the face of the policy.
Money to Loan on First Mortgage
Office in Crider's Stone Building
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Telephone Connection

MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS.

H. G. STROHMEIER,
CENTRE HALL, ... PENN'A
Manufacturer of and Dealer in
HIGH GRADE . . .
MONUMENTAL WORK
in all kinds of
Marble AND Granite. Don't Fail to get my prices

BOALSBURG TAVERN
BOALSBURG, PA.
AMOS KOCH, PROPRIETOR
This well-known hostelry is prepared to accommodate all travelers. "Bus to and from all trains stopping at 'Oak' Hall Station. Every effort is made to accommodate the traveling public. Livery attached.

OLD PORT HOTEL
EDWARD BOYER, Proprietor
RATES $1.00 Per Day
Location: One mile South of Centre Hall.
Accommodations first-class. Parties wishing to enjoy an evening given special attention. Meals for such occasions prepared on short notice. Always prepared for the transient trade.

DR. SOL. M. NISSLEY,
VETERINARY SURGEON.
A graduate of the University of Penn'a. Office at Palace Livery Stable, Bellefonte, Pa. Both 'phones.
oct.1.09 1yr.

BYRON FOND OF CHILDREN

Frances Lady Shelley Describes the Famous English Poet as She Saw Him.

Frances Lady Shelley, who knew most of the celebrated people between the dates 1787 and 1817, gives a description of Lord Byron as she first saw him in 1813:

"From Althorp we went to Colonel Leigh's, near Newmarket, for the shooting. We stayed there a few days. The house is far too small even for the company it contained. Lord Byron was there. Mrs. Leigh told me that he spent most of the night writing a poem which is to be called "The Corsair." As he did not leave his room until after midday our intercourse was restricted.

"He is decidedly handsome and can be very agreeable. He seems to be easily put out by trifles and at times looks terribly savage. He was very patient with Mrs. Leigh's children, who are not in the least in awe of him. He bore their distracting intrusion into his room with imperturbable good humor. Mrs. Leigh has evidently great moral influence over her brother, who listens with a sort of playful acquiescence. But I doubt the permanence of their effect upon his wayward nature."

Trousseaux.

In ancient Greece the trousseau were made by all the women of the bride's house. Later the Merovingian chiefs exacted that their brides should come to the marriage bringing all their possessions. When the daughter of the seigneur of Covey married, her trousseaux, or "trousses," included "nine servitors, thirty liegemen, a chaplain, and an astrologist." The customs of the seigneurs evolved popular "fashions," and, high and low, the women multiplied their garments and the fashions of them.

Under the empire the trousseau was composed of jewels, lace, fine underwear, bonnets, and veils.—Harper's Weekly.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

ISSUED WEEKLY.

S. W. SMITH, . . . Editor and Proprietor.

Entered at the Post Office in Centre Hall as Second Class mail matter.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1913

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one dollar per year in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES—Display advertisement of ten or more inches, for three or more insertions, ten cents per inch for each issue. Display advertising occupying less space than ten inches and for less than three insertions, from fifteen to twenty-five cents per inch for each issue, according to composition. Minimum charge, seventy-five cents.

Local notices accompanying display advertising five cents per line for each insertion; otherwise, eight cents per line, minimum charge, twenty-five cents.

Legal notices, twenty cents per line for three insertions, and ten cents per line for each additional insertion.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Lutheran—No service.

Presbyterian—Spring Mills, morning; Centre Hall, evening.

United Evangelical — Tusseyville, morning; Centre Hall, evening.

Reformed—Harvest Home, Centre Hall, morning; Tusseyville, afternoon.

Methodist—Sprucetown, morning; Spring Mills, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening.

Market Reports.

Wheat, red	$ 85
Corn, on cob, 70 lbs.	70
Corn, shelled, 56 lbs.	70
Rye	65
Oats	35
Barley	55
Hay, Timothy, first grade	$11 00 to 13 00
Hay, mixed	$9 00 to 11 00
Butter	25
Eggs	22
Lard	12

PARTY THOROUGHLY ORGANIZED.

The Democratic party is the only political organization in the state that msintains an active, energetic organization the year around Democratic State Headquarters at Harrisburg is a busy place six days of every week. Resident Secretary Van Dyke is in constant touch with all the members of the State Committee, and this relationship is extended to the 4,000 precinct committeemen and more than 400,000 voters of the party. The Democratic State Headquarters belongs to them and is financed by them.

It's facilities are at their service all the time. Visitors are welcomed and made to feel at home, prompt attention is given to every communication, and the constant effort is to make the Democratic organization of the greatest possible service to the rank and file and thoroughly responsive to their will. Thus the true Democratic spirit is exemplified and its fruits are made manifest by the success of such gatherings of the party clans as York just witnessed in the annual meeting of the State Federation of Democratic Clubs.

PARTY STRENGTH INCREASING.

The Democratic party in Pennsylvania is stronger to-day than it was last November. Thousands of Democrats lured by the Roosevelt will-of-the-wisp last year are back in the ranks, thankful that Teddy failed of election. Thousands of independents who aligned themselves with the Washington Party last year, impressed with the splendid statesmanship of President Wilson and a Democratic Congress and disgusted with the futility of third party efforts, are preparing to take their place under the Democratic banner, where all genuine progressives belong. With other parties disintegrating and torn with factional strife, the Democratic party in Pennsylvania to-day is harmonious, militant and growing.

LOCALS

The fair is on this week, and on Saturday a week the Grange Encampment opens.

Miss Sara Barger of Tiffin, Ohio was the guest of Miss Mary Grove in Centre Hall last week.

The Pennsylvania railroad station at Dewart and postoffice at Allenwood were robbed one night last week.

A valuable draft horse, the best in his stable, died for John R Eckley, on the Spicher farm, near Centre Hall one day last week. The cause of the animal's death was due to an attack of szoturia.

A new boardwalk was built to the front of Miss Kate Fleisher's residence in Centre Hall. It is the first wooden walk constructed in Centre Hall in a number of years. The carpenter work was done by John Rossman.

H. C. Robinson, formerly a resident of Centre Hall, was in town on Monday. He contemplates making a trip to Richmond, Virginia, in the near future, and it is possible he will purchase a farm there for his sons.

Messrs. Lloyd Snyder, Charley Condo, and John H. Weber of Centre Hall; S. E. Weber of Boalsburg, and Mr. and Mrs. Robert McClellan of Linden Hall were among those not previously mentioned who for several days attended the Williamsgrove picnic.

Miss Alice E. Weber of Huntingdon was the guest of her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. John H. Weber, last week. She is now among friends in Boalsburg where she will remain until Saturday. Miss Weber is the daughter of P. M. Weber of Huntingdon and is a stenographer in the office of Attorney Henderson, and is also a notary public.

Harris Township.

John Charles is busy this week baling hay.

Mrs. Cora Wagner and son Cyrus are visiting in Altoona.

Mrs. Agnes Rupp of State College spent a few days at Boalsburg.

Mrs. Emeline Hess of Bellefonte visited with friends in this place.

Mrs. Katharine Dale of Centre Hall spent a short time at Boalsburg.

All who were at the social on Saturday evening reported a good time.

C. D. Moore of State College spent Wednesday and Thursday at Boalsburg.

Mrs. Margaret Riley visited from Saturday until Monday at State College.

Mrs. Emeline Fehl of Smullton visited at the Ira Rishel home last week.

Mrs. Mitchell Stover of Altoona visited with her sister, Mrs. Charles Kuhn.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Searson of Connellsville are visiting with relatives in this place.

H S. Harro, with his daughters Cecil and Virginia, of Hellwood spent Friday at Boalsburg.

Howard Bricker is attending the fair this week, where he has cigars, confections, etc., for sale.

David Stuart, Mr. and Mrs. George Stuart, and Mrs. Reuben Stuart of Bellevue are visiting at Boalsburg.

Mrs. Ida Rishel and daughter Miss Elsie and their aunt, Mrs. Fehl, spent Friday at Pine Grove Mills.

Mr. and Mrs. Alpheus Wolf of Camden, New Jersey, spent a day at the home of Wm. Stover.

Miss Annie Lohr attended the funeral of Mrs. Maggie Harper at Centre Hall on Monday.

Misses Marjory Rothrock and Ruth Kuhn returned to Williamsport after a month's visit at Boalsburg.

Mrs. Maria Wagner, with her granddaughter Miss Esther Bitner of Tusseyville, are spending this week at Boalsburg.

Harvest Home services will be held in the Reformed church on Sunday morning at 10:15, and a song service in the evening.

H. C. Rothrock, Wm. Brouse, Guyer Durst, and Roland Young, were among the excursionists to Gettysburg on Sunday.

Prof. and Mrs. H. C. Rothrock, daughter Miss Rachel, and son Harry, and George E. Meyer attended the Odd Fellows picnic at Hunters Park on Monday.

Mrs. B. F. Keller and Miss Fairchilds of Charleston, West Virginia, and Mr. and Mrs. Harry Keller, with their youngest son of Bellefonte, spent Sunday with Miss Sarah Keller.

A concrete walk was laid by the Boalsburg Cemetery Association along the east side of the cemetery, joining with the main walk at the Lutheran church. The work was done last week. A. W. Dale, one of the trustees, superintended it.

Spring Mills.

T. B. Jamison and Mrs. Susan Herring are quite ill.

Mrs. Mitchell of Mill Hall is visiting relatives for a few days.

Perry Luse of Centre Hall spent Sunday with Mrs. Kate Shook.

Quite a lot of peaches have been brought here from Union and Snyder counties.

Benjamin Donachy came home on Saturday to see his grandmother, Mrs. Herring who is quite ill.

The Penn Hall Lutheran Sunday-school picnicked at Beaver Dam on Saturday and had an enjoyable time.

Miss Mable Long went to Aaronsburg on Monday where she is teaching the primary grade of Aaronsburg schools.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Allison of Montreal, Canada, spent a few days with Hon. Wm. M. Allison, father of the former.

Misses Ruth Smith, Sarah Fisher, and Gladys Meyer went to West Chester Normal School on Monday to continue their studies there.

The Zettle reunion, which was held last Saturday in Harter's woods, was a pleasant event, and was attended by most of the relatives, also quite a number of friends.

Potters Mills

The new Forester, Mr. Montgomery, arrived at this place on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Thomas left on Tuesday for New York.

Miss Anna Fortney of Tusseyville spent Wednesday with friends at this place.

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. McCormick returned from their trip to Buffalo on Saturday.

Harry Wilkinson has gone to Jeannette where he expects to work at the carpenter trade.

Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Carson spent Wednesday afternoon in Bellefonte.

H. B. Spangler and son William of Chicago spent Sunday with the Wilkinson family.

The Honorable William Allison and family of Spring Mills spent Sunday with Edward Allison.

Mrs. Perry McKinney moved her household goods to the home of her husband on Thursday.

William Faust has returned to the home of his uncle after visiting with his father at Spring Mills for three weeks.

Aaronsburg.

Mrs. Zwingli Haffley has been ill for a week but is improving now.

Elizabeth Everet of Pine Creek spent Sunday with her cousin Gillard Eisenhauer.

Mrs. Clayton Bower is spending an indefinite time among her friends at Dunlo.

The Misses Hosterman of Coburn were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Haines

Mr. and Mrs. Cook Hubler were very welcome guests at the home of Mrs. Effie Weaver.

Mrs. Lavina Lenker and daughter Sue, returned home from a week's visit among relatives.

Thomas Hull, who is employed at State College, was at home with his family over Sunday.

Mrs. Detwiler and son Samuel of Altoona are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Reinbach and Mr. and Mrs. O. P. Adams.

Miss Marion Stevens of Harrisburg, an accomplished young lady, is at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Stover.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hackenberg and two children of Milton came to town in their touring car and took supper with Luther E Stover.

The public schools opened on Monday with the following teachers: Primary, Miss Mable Long; intermediate, E. B. Wolf; grammar, Prof. Duck.

While on his way to Lock Haven last week Hal. Crouse, accompanied by his son Harry, had a hemorrhage of the lungs. His many friends are glad to see that he is again out after business.

Mrs. Maggie Stevenson and daughter, Mrs. Will Clark and baby Margaret all of Lock Haven were entertained by Mrs. Desuler, their aunt, who is in her eighty-third year, and by Mrs. R Emma Hess.

Those who visited recently at the Summers homestead were: Mrs. Yordy and daughter Bertha of Shamokin, Mrs. Tillie O'Neil and children, Mrs. Thomas of Williamsport, Mrs. Will Summers and daughter Catharine of Clearfield, Mrs. Jennie Wiser and daughter of Millheim.

Georges Valley.

Tenshie and Roxie Zettle visited their cousin Laura Reeder last Sunday.

Mrs. F. B. Herman of Altoona is spending some time with friends at this place.

J. W. Herbert Gobble is reported on the sick list; hope for a speedy recovery.

S. C. Decker of Altoona is here on business connected with the Ertle estate.

Harvest Home services will be held next Sunday morning in the Locust Grove church.

David Miller and Grace Fye of Colyer spent a few days last week with Mrs. Charles Ripka.

J. B. Ripka and family spent Sunday in Decker Valley at the home of his parents.

Mrs. Sara Reeder is spending a few weeks with her sister, Mrs. Conard Immel.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Jamison visited at the home of Samuel Lingle near Colyer on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Faust and two little sons, Glenn and Lee, spent Sunday at Centre Hill the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Maynard Barger.

Miss Sarah Barger of Tiffin, Ohio, is visiting her many friends here. This week she and her cousin, Miss Carrie Barger, are visiting friends in Mifflin county.

Mrs. John Grey of Milton is spending this week with friends here, having come to attend the Zettle reunion which was held in the Harter woods last Saturday.

Woodward.

Mrs. James Guisewite is visiting her brother and family in New Hope.

Mrs. Wesley Hosterman of Johnstown is a visitor at the home of Chas. Hosterman.

Master Wilson Ard spent the greater part of last week with friends in Lewisburg.

L. L. Weaver, R. A. Orndorf, H. S. Gilbert and J. H. Bowersox made a trip to State College one day last week.

The schools opened Monday morning. Boyd Vonada of Spring Mills teaches the school in town, and Chas. Musser the Vonada school.

L. L. Weaver and family, W. J. Smith and family autoed to Laurelton Sunday afternoon to attend the funeral of a nephew of Mrs. Smith's.

Having spent ten days at the Woodward House, Rev. Taylor, D D., and daughter, Miss Elizabeth, returned to their home in Juniata Friday afternoon.

Having spent two months with the lady's parents, Prof. Stover, wife and daughter, Miss Grace, returned to their home in Bloomfield, N. J., one day last week. They were accompanied home by the lady's sister, Miss Lida Hosterman, where she intends going to school.

H. B. Spangler and son William W. Spangler, Jr., of Park Ridge, a suburb of Chicago, were guests for a few days at the home of the former's father, W. W. Spangler, in Centre Hall. He is one of the force in the traffic department of the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad.

We are Ready to Receive You

During the past two weeks we have unpacked and placed on our shelves a most notably smart array of New Fall Merchandise. This includes the justly celebrated

Stetson Hats,

Neckwear from Keiser,

of New York,

New Shirts, Underwear,

and accessories in a great abundance.

Also a most beautiful display of

Hand-Tailored Clothing from Rochester

Please remember that our "Welcome" is as hearty for the "lookers" as for the buyers.

All prices are for modest purses.

MONTGOMERY & CO.

Bellefonte

Feeling a Presence.

Reading a book recently, the writer was arrested by one sentence: "If I went into a room without knowing you to be there I should at once feel your presence." It is the imaginative address from a man to a woman. Most of us possibly have that curious instinct—the obverse of that of the horse that will not rest in a stable that has housed a bear—the instinct that knows the presence of the affinity. There are people—being to the general view excellent citizens—whom you cannot abide. There are people whose presence you detest and resent, and though you could give no particular reason for the antipathy you would rather die suddenly than live in the same street with them. These are usually, I think, relatives of some sort who have the traditional claim to make themselves a nuisance. But haven't you felt the presence of the person you like?—London Chronicle.

Encouraging.

Recently an employee in a business house who had held a clerkship for several years went to the boss with a plea for an increase in salary.

"I asked you for a little more salary a year ago," said the clerk, "but you told me that you were not able to give it to me at that time. Now a little baby has come to our home, which will add to the expense, and I would be very glad if you could favorably consider my request."

"I see, I see," thoughtfully replied the boss. "Let me think it over a minute. Boy, I suppose?"

"Yes, sir," happily answered the clerk, greatly encouraged by his employer's attitude.

"I think I can fix it," responded the employer. "I won't be able to give you any more money, but just as soon as the boy gets big enough we will find a position for him in the office here."—Philadelphia Telegraph.

Next to Them.

"I'm sure," said the guest he had unexpectedly brought home to dinner that evening, "that I have put you out."

"Not at all," she replied sweetly; "not at all. We gave you just what we were going to have ourselves—just our ordinary dinner, you know."

"I wish I could believe that, but I still feel that I have put you to a great deal of trouble and annoyance. If so I am sorry that I allowed your husband to persuade me to come."

"I don't want you to feel that way at all. We were delighted to have you with us. We love to have our friends drop in and take pot luck with us."

And when he got outside he looked back at the house and muttered: "Liars! I smelled corned beef and cabbage when I entered that home, and what I got was English mutton chops and green peas."—Detroit Free Press.

Zerby for Democratic State Committeeman.

Ayer's Pills

Good health demands at least one movement of the bowels each day. Just one *Ayer's Pill* at bedtime. Sold for 60 years.

Ask Your Doctor. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS.

CIDER PRESS NOTICE—The undersigned will have his cider press at Spring Mills in operation on Tuesday, Sept. 2.—G. C. KING, Spring Mills.

FOR SALE—1913 Model, Motor Cycles and Motor Boats, at bargain prices, all makes, brand new machines, on easy monthly payment plan. Get our proposition before buying or you will regret it; also bargains in used Motor Cycles. Write us today. Enclose stamp for reply.

Address LOCK BOX 11, TRENTON, MICH. 27-26-4t5.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE—Letters testamentary on the estate of Dr. George L. Lee, late of Centre Hall borough, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the above estate having been duly granted to the undersigned, they would respectfully request any persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

HIRAM LEE, Chester Springs, Pa.
FRANK D. LEE, Bellefonte, Pa.
Fortney & Fortney, Attorneys. 0.38

BUSINESS AND REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

The late S. M. Bell property and business, in Boalsburg, is offered for sale by the undersigned Apply on premises.

THOMAS HYNES, Boalsburg, Pa
32. tf.

HENRY F. BITNER, A. M., Ph. D.
SCRIVENER AND CONVEYANCER

Deeds, Mortgages, Bonds, Wills, Leases, Contracts, and other legal papers carefully prepared at short notice. One year experience in law office. Terms reasonable. Bell phone 17-3.

MURRAY'S DRUG STORE, CENTRE HALL, PA.
3r-13-1y

Centre Reporter, $1 00 a year.

The National Stockman & Farmer

PITTSBURG, PA.

Worlds Greatest Farm Paper

Comes Every Week and Stops When Time is Out

1 Year	$ 1.00
2 Years	1.50
3 Years	2 00
5 Years	3.00

Send for sample copy and special offers. 23-48

LADIES'

"FITZ-EZY" SHOES

will cure corns!

SOLD ONLY AT

YEAGER'S SHOE STORE

PELLEFONTE

The Grange Encampment.

The approaching Grange Encampment and Fair which will open Saturday, September 13th, promises to be one that will surpass former efforts, This is the fortieth annual gathering, and each year the movement gains importance.

The exhibition grounds have been improved in a general way, and in particular by the enlarging to double its former size the building nearest the Park railroad station. Additional tents for camping and exhibition purposes have also been secured, yet every bit of space under roof will be occupied. There is also every reason to believe that the exhibits this year will be larger than heretofore, and that the articles displayed will be of a better quality.

The evening entertainments will be of a high order, and the addresses in the auditorium will be by a number of the leading members of the order of Patrons of Husbandry and men in public life.

The services on Sunday afternoon will be conducted by Miss Anna B. Taft of New York who has large experience as a public speaker and is intimately acquainted with the country life movement.

Honored by a Party.

A party in honor of a number of gradustes of the Centre Hall High school, who will in a short time take up their studies in different academies throughout the state, was given by their school associates at the home of Miss Hazel Emery, Friday night. Refreshments were served, and an evening of real enjoyment realized. Those in whose honor the party was given are: Miss Ruth Smith who has already taken up her studies at the Bloomsburg State Normal; William Reish and William Bradford, who will enter the Mercersburg Academy. Besides these the following were present: Misses Isabell and Verna Rowe, Ruth Smith, Jennie Stahl, Helen Luse, Laura Mitterling, Nina and Elsie Slick, Carribell Emerick, Ruth and Katie McCool; Messrs. Gross Allison, Ralph Bitner, Robert Meyer, Henry Mitterling, Alfred Crawford, William Bradford, William Reish, Bruce Stahl, Ray Durst, James Lingle, and Thomas Foss,

Questioning Motive.

Editor Reporter:

It has become known that a certain individual whose purpose is believed to be ulterior has had his name placed on the primary ballot for school director. Will you give space in your columns to show why such a man, who has no interest whatever in schools, should not be elected.

TAX PAYER

[The Reporter will hear your case, provided you avoid personalities.—Editor.]

Marriage Licenses.

Ralph Knight, Philadelphia
Jean Graham, State College

James Smily, Yeagertown
Alma Stein, Zion

Robert Grove, Zion
Helen Hartman, Zion

Ralph Ungard, Wolfs Store
Ruth Confer, Wolfs Store

Patrick McLaughlan, Snow Shoe
Myrtle Robinson, Mt. Eagle

LOCALS.

Byron Garis is back from Altoona where for two weeks he was doing mason work.

George H. Emerick advertises letters testamentary on the estate of Mrs. Maggie Harper, late of Centre Hall borough, deceased.

The Johnston band of gypsies got into trouble in Mifflin county, and were obliged to disgorge another fifty, and then were driven back toward Centre county.

Dr. W. P. Winter, Prof. J. F. Lewis and Prof. M. W. Eddy, as well as the regular supply on the charge, will be at the points scheduled for services next Sunday on the local Methodist charge.

Victor Auman, who for a number of years has been employed in the Centre Hall Roller Mills, is acting as sales agent for the mill and makes trips to all sections in Central Pennsylvania. He is the making of a good salesman, and Mr. Weber is pleased with his work.

James H. Smetzler retired as a section foreman on Saturday after a long service. He is followed by Adam Krebs of Milmont as section foreman at Centre Hall. Mr. Smetzler began his service on November 12, 1878, and November 3rd, 1884, was made a foreman and continued as such until his resignation, August 30. He will continue to draw pay from the Pennsy under its system of age retirement.

A Ford car driven by A. J. Musser of Clearfield in which was his wife (nee Miss Esther Durst of Centre Hall) Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Wetter, and daughter Florence, and H. J. Hinterleitner, turned turtle between Philipsburg and Clearfield on Sunday afternoon. The latter's neck was broken, and the little girl sustained a broken collar bone. The others were thrown clear of the car. The accident was due to a blowout while making a curve.

LOCALS.

John T. Noll is papering the Bartholomew building.

The Y. P. B. will meet in their room this (Thursday) evening.

All the stores at Spring Mills and Penn Hall will close each Wednesday evening at six o'clock.

By a payment of cash the claim for damages made by P. A. Leaster on Clayton Homan was settled. The claim for damages resulted from a collision of a horse and Homan's motorcycle.

The W. C. T. U. will meet in their hall Saturday afternoon instead of the regular meeting time which comes on Saturday of the Grange Encampment and Fair. Members will please note the change.

The silk umbrella offered by the I. O. O. F. amusement committee at the picnic of the order held on Hunter's park, on Monday, was won by T. L. Smith, the tinner, in Centre Hall. The event was a 100-yard dash.

Centre Hall is in need, greatly in need, of additional dwelling houses. All the homes for sale are being snapped up by ready purchasers, but in most cases they are not bought by men who are wage-earners. Unless provision is made to house the day laborer and mechanic, Centre Hall will be dealt a severe blow. Build us homes is the cry here that ought to be heeded.

Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Fisher and son of Sunbury were guests at the Centre Hall hotel the other day, having passed through the valley in a car, making Boalsburg a stopping place. Mr. Fisher is a U. S. Marshall, an appointment he is holding under the Taft administration. Mrs. Fisher is a cousin of Clyde Keefer who with his family are guests at the hotel, and their run here was largely to be with them for a day.

Clyde W. Stover of Millheim, who got his first experience in a flouring mill in the McMullen mill in that town, has secured employment in the Centre Hall Roller Mill, and is taking the place of Victor Auman as engineer and general man about the place. He is boarding with his sister, Mrs. H. G. Miller, but would like to secure a house and move his wife and baby to Centre Hall, and will do so at the first opportunity.

Messrs. H. J. Fosnot and Walter Fosnot, father and son, editors and proprietors of the Democrat and Sentinel published in Lewistown, paid their respects to this office on Wednesday. The paper these gentlemen own, publish and edit, was an unpretentious partizan sheet when the elder Fosnot purchased it. Today the paper is independent in politics, is issued daily and is one of the newsiest sheets that comes to the Reporter's exchange desk. Their equipment is also first-class and is housed in a modern fireproof building. These newspaper men were accompanied on their trip through Centre county in a car by Mrs. H. J. Fosnot, and Jacob Fosnot, the latter from Chambersburg.

Mrs. Maggie Harper's funeral on Monday was largely attended. Among the out of town friends and relatives who were here were: Mr. and Mrs. Harry Harper, John Klinger, Mrs. James Marshall, Mrs. Anna Cox, Mrs. William Derstine, Mrs. J. C. Harper, Mr. and Mrs. Jerad Harper, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Cook, Mrs. R. S. Brouse, Miss Ida Klinger, Jesse Derstine, Martin Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Klinger, Mrs. Charles Koontz all of Bellefonte; Miss Mary Lytle, Mrs. Nora Ferguson, State College; Mrs. Charles Cox, Mrs. Cordelia Cox, Altoona; Miss Jessie Klinger, Mrs. Amelia Klinger, Mrs. Jessie Shuey, Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Klinger, of Lemont; Mrs. D. M. Campbell, Mrs. J. E. Campbell, Linden Hall; James Durst, J. O. Stover, Wm. Durst, Wm. Fleming, Reedsville; Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Krumrine, Hon. and Mrs. C. D. Gramley, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Shaffer, Mr. and Mrs. George Haines, Rebersburg; Mr. and Mrs. Washington Stover, Millheim.

Grass and Clover Seeds.

We have on hand timothy and other grass seeds, as well as clover seed. Your attention is called to a first grade western re-cleaned timothy seed. A comparison of this seed with the best home grown seed will convince any one of the superior quality. Price is right.

J. H. WEBER,
Centre Hall.

Tusseyville

Henry Stoner of State College spent Monday among his friends here.

William Heckman and Miss Ruth Rossman spent Sunday with friends at Spring Mills.

Mrs. Maria Wagner and Miss Esther Bitner are visiting friends at Boalsburg.

Mrs. Josephine McNalley and son Wm. of Pittsburg are visiting at the home of her uncle, Foster Frazier.

Mrs. John Zerby and daughter Sarah Elizabeth of Colyer spent last Friday at the home of John Horner.

Miss Jennie Bodtorf on Tuesday went to Jersey Shore where she will be the guest of her nephew, Edward Bodtorf.

Mrs. Adam Martz and daughter Anna of Altoona are spending a few days at the home of the former's son, William Martz, at this place.

Miss Helen Bodtorf returned to Mifflin county Saturday, after spending several weeks with her parents at this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Kerlin and family of Liverpool are spending a few days at the home of Mr. Kerlin's parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. B. Jordan.

Mr. and Mrs. Foster Frazier and daughters, Ida and Harriett, Mrs. Thomas Swartz, Mrs. J. McNalby and son Wm. of Pittsburg spent last Thursday with friends at State College.

On Heckman's meadow, on Friday, the Tusseyville baseball team defeated the "old men's" team by a score of 14 to 7. The game was a very interesting one from beginning to end. The defeated team has the sympathy of the writer.

The public schools opened here, as elsewhere in the county, with a good attendance, and we can therefore say the harvest time in more than one sense is upon us again. The particular field is the school-room and the crop the boys and girls assembled there to gain knowledge; the boys and girls who in the future will occupy the various stations, both high and low, in life. A crop of corn, for instance, is not made up of a single good ear, neither is it made up of any number of ears which are exact duplicates of each other, but a good corn crop is a lot of good ears, so it is our boys and girls—the school children of today—in the future become our good citizens.

Mr. and Mrs. George Horner gave a surprise birthday party for their twin sons Fred and John, on Saturday evening. Those present were: Mrs Clyde Stamm and sons Floyd and Kenneth, Lemont; Mr. and Mrs. Charles Horner, daughter Esther, and Helen Love, Tusseyville; Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Colyer and daughter Ruth, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Zong and daughter Leah, Linden Hall; Mrs. Margaretta Horner, Mrs. Marion Horner, Mrs. John Horner, Mary Weaver, Grace Horner, Bernice Swartz. Ruth and Mary Slutterbeck, Rebecca Coxe, Ruth Rockey, Alma Stoner, Mrs. Cora Birchfield, Ruth and Hazel Yarnel, Charles Slutterbeck, William Bubb, William Rickert, Jessie Taylor, Samuel Horner, Earl, Harry and Bruce Horner, George Swartz, William Rockey.

Linden Hall

Miss Margaret Ferree has recovered from an attack of appendicitis.

Miss Luella Rose is visiting her cousin Miss Smith in Altoona.

Mrs. Henry Houser was a Bellefonte visitor on Monday.

Mrs. Cora Burchfield of State College spent Sunday with her mother, Mrs. McClellan.

Mrs. Mollie Profit of Colorado is visiting her cousins D. M. and J. E Campbell and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Searson are spending some time with the former's father, the venerable James Searson.

Station Agent Frank Isbler is off on a two weeks vacation. J. D. Eyster has charge of the station during his absence.

George Searson and sons James and Ray and John Raymond were among the number who took in the Gettysburg excursion on Sunday.

Ned Keller recently purchased a new Harley-Davidson motorcycle and is able to make the trip visiting his pupils in music in less time than formerly.

Mr. and Mrs. George Horner gave a reception on Saturday evening for their two sons and their brides. Quite a number from this place were present.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert McClellan, Mr. and Mrs. Martin Keller and Ralph Rockey were among the number who enjoyed an outing at Williams Grove last week.

Mr. and Mrs. George Hall of Huntingdon, Luther Waring of Washington, D. C., and T. C. Heims of Philadelphia joined the party at the Wieland home last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. S. T. Adams and daughter Grace of Pittsburg, and Mrs. Clarence T. Lemon of Morgantown, West Virginia, accompanied by their daughter Helen, autoed from Pittsburg to Buffalo, Nisgara Falls, and on through Canada a distance of a thousand miles in a Studebaker car, arriving here on Friday evening, where they were the guests of Mrs. Lemon's sister, Mrs. F. E. Wieland. At Tyrone they were joined by Mrs. Henderson and Miss Gertrude Miller, who were with them here. On the entire trip they had but one puncture.

Sale Register.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, at 12:30 o'clock, at Boalsburg, by Mrs. Lou D. Hynes; Two horses, buggy, wagons, household goods, lot of merchandise, tinner's tools, hardware, etc. Also the house and lot known as the Bell property.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE—Letters testamentary on the estate of Maggie Harper, late of the borough of Centre Hall, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the above estate having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request any persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same to present them for settlement.

GEORGE H. EMERICK, Executor.
0.40 Centre Hall, Pa.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Changes tendency toward disease to tendency toward health. No alcohol. Sold for 60 years.

Ask Your Doctor. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

ALFALFA IN THE SCHOOLS.

Plan is Educational—School and Home Interests Co-operate—Vitalizes the Work of the School—Three Important Points Gained.

By CHAS. W. FARR.

The entire plan and process of putting alfalfa on every farm is distinctively educational. The knowledge obtained concerning the value of the plant and the possibility of growing it leads to an inspiration which is known by the fact that the farmer actually grows alfalfa.

In working out the plan to its most effective end, it is absolutely necessary that the school and home co-operate—that parents, pupils and teacher work together. Any line of work that offers opportunity for parents and pupils to think, talk and read together is worth while.

Alfalfa Meeting Held.

Alfalfa meetings are held in a district. The school, with the parents attending the meetings hear the talks, and all receive samples of alfalfa seed and printed matter. The teacher becomes interested, sees the opportunity and uses alfalfa plants as a basis for oral language work. It will usually be found possible to procure the same. A better plan, however, when it is possible, is to visit an alfalfa field, study the plants, talk to the farmer and make full notes for school-room use. Parts of the printed matter received are used in reading lessons.

Carry on Experiments.

Experiments in growing alfalfa on a small plot on the farm are reported to the school, and causes of success and failure are discussed. All this work creates much interest in an important farm process.

Three points are gained—children from the farms have expressed themselves in terms of their environment. The children and the parents have talked and read together concerning a matter worth while. The interest in the growing of this crop has been greatly increased. Above all, the general agricultural conditions have been decidedly improved and a direct and immediate result of this improvement is better homes, better schools and better citizens.

The Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad will run an alfalfa combination railway and automobile train for a two weeks' campaign, making about 60 stops in southwestern Iowa and northwestern Missouri, beginning July 28, 1913, from Des Moines.

The plan, as worked out by the Burlington in co-operation with the Agricultural Extension Department of the International Harvester Company of New Jersey and the agricultural colleges, is far in advance of any agricultural extension work ever carried on.

Will Stop at Sixty Points.

Local committees at each of the 60 points on the railroad will arrange for five to ten automobiles to carry the speakers in all directions into the country to farm homes, school houses and inland towns within a radius of from four to ten miles, where alfalfa lectures will be given.

During the campaign over 600 alfalfa lectures will be delivered by the party to as many audiences, and from 500 to 700 automobiles will be brought into the service of this great educational movement.

These campaigns are conducted on a strictly co-operative basis.

The people will provide:

1st. A guarantee of at least five to ten automobiles at each railroad stop to carry the speakers to the points in the country where meetings are to be held.

2nd. Halls suitable for the central meeting in towns where train stops.

3rd. Any community desiring a campaign must send in a request to the railroad, agricultural college cooperating, or to the Agricultural Extension Department, signed by a representative number of farmers and business men.

The railroad will provide:

Sleeping cars and dining service for the alfalfa campaign party, and baggage and exhibit cars, literature, etc.

The Agricultural Extension Dept. will provide:

1st. Speakers.

2nd. Assistance in organizing and advertising campaign.

3rd. Educational charts and other equipment for lecture purposes, bulletins, literature, etc.

4th. Follow-up men, when possible, to assist the farmers in getting a start with alfalfa.

Hearty co-operation on the part of the people is absolutely necessary to make these campaigns successful.

Reporter Register.

G. H. Miller, Grace and Paul, Centre Hall
Clyde W. Stover, Millheim
Jacob Diehl, Lock Haven
Grace and Mary Neff, Tusseyville
Mrs. J. E. Rishel, Tusseyville
Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Keefer, Sunbury
Mr. and Mrs. Wm. A. Magee, Philadelphia
D. E. Hoover, Altoona
Frank Moyer, Cleveland, Ohio
Alice E. Weber, Huntingdon
Wallace O. Horner, Boalsburg
G. W. Ralston, Centre Hall
F. May Barry, Selins Grove
Cora B. Barry, Wilkinsburg
Sue B. Barry, Selins Grove
Berte A. Barry, Selins Grove
Olive L. D. Barry, Selins Grove
P. E. Murray, Chicago, Ill.
Mrs. Catharine Martz, Anna R. Martz, Altoona
Mrs. George Spangler, Centre Hall
Harry Harshberger, Potters Mills
Jennie B. Smith, Philadelphia
Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Vonada, Meadow Creek
Master Loyd Vonada, Meadow Creek
Fred Horner, Tusseyville
P. H. McClellan, Scranton
Cora Luse, Centre Hall

Remember, Zerby for State Committeeman.

LEGAL ADVERTISING

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Levari Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Centre County Pennsylvania, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in the borough of Bellefonte, Pa., on

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 22nd, 1913,
at 1:30 o'clock, P. M.,

the following described real estate, to wit:

All that certain messuage, tenement and lot of ground situate in the borough of Bellefonte, County of Centre and State of Pennsylvania, bounded on the North by lot of Van Tries heirs, on the west by lot of Theodore Deschner; on the south by lot of Mrs. D. G. Bush, and on the east by Spring street, fronting on Spring street and extending back to lot of Theodore Deschner. It being the same property which Simon Harper and wife by deed dated March 27th, 1889, and recorded in Centre County Deed Book 59, page 27, granted and conveyed unto the said Martha H. Bayard and Ursula Bayard, their heirs and assigns. Thereon erected a three story brick dwelling house.

Seized, levied upon, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of Claude C ok, administrator of etc., of Martha H. Bayard, deceased, who survived her husband, George A. Bayard, deceased, co-mortgagor, and Ursula Bayard.

TERMS OF SALE—No deed will be acknowledged until the purchase money is paid in full.

ARTHUR B. LEE, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Bellefonte, Pa.
August 25th, 1913.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—

By virtue of a writ of Lavari Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Centre County, Pennsylvania, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in Bellefonte borough, Pa., on

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 22nd, 1913,
at 1:30 o'clock, P. M.,

the following described real estate, viz.:

All that certain lot, messuage, tenement and parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the borough of Philipsburg, County of Centre, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post in the Northeastern corner of Pine and Ninth Streets; thence Eastwardly along the Northern line of said Pine street north sixty degrees east ninety-nine feet to a post in the Western line of a public alley; thence along line of said alley North thirty degrees West forty feet to a post in line of lot now owned by Mary Jane Dale; thence along line of same South sixty degrees West ninety-nine feet to a post in Eastern line of said North Ninth street; and thence along the line of said Ninth street South thirty degrees East forty feet to a post, the place of beginning.

Seized, levied upon, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of W. O. Robison, defendant, and Abram O. Meyers, terre tenant.

TERMS OF SALE—No deed will be acknowledged until purchase money is paid in full.

ARTHUR B. LEE, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Bellefonte, Pa.
August 25, 1913.

SHERIFF'S SALE—

By virtue of a writ of Levari Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Centre County, Penna., and to me directed there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in the borough of Bellefonte, Pa., on

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 22nd, 1913,
at 1:30 o'clock, P. M.,

the following described real estate, viz.:

All that certain messuage, tenement and lot of ground situate in the borough of Philipsburg, County of Centre, and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post in the Southern line of Spruce Street and North Sixth Street; thence Southerly along the line of a ten-foot wide alley one hundred and thirty feet to a post in line of lot of William Donnelly; thence Westerly along the line of lot of said William Donnelly fifty feet to a post in line of lots of Mrs. S. J. Erb; thence Northerly along the line of lot of Mrs. S. J. Erb and land of John G. Platt, trustee, one hundred and thirty feet to a post, in line of Spruce Street; thence Easterly along the line of said Spruce Street fifty feet to the place of beginning, and having erected thereon a two story frame dwelling house and outbuildings, and being the same premises which John G. Platt, trustee, by deed dated February 16th, 1892, and recorded in Centre County in Deed Book No. 66, page 229, granted and conveyed unto the said Samuel M. Graham, who died April 6th, 1899, unmarried and intestate, and the premises by virtue of the intestate laws of Pennsylvania, became duly vested in said A. J. Graham, his father, and the said Margaret H. Graham, his mother, as his only heirs.

Seized, levied upon, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of Margaret H. Graham, individually, and A. B. Herd, administrator of A. J. Graham, deceased.

TERMS OF SALE—No deed will be acknowledged until purchase money is paid in full.

ARTHUR B. LEE,
Sheriff's Office, Bellefonte, Pa. Sheriff.
August 25th, 1913.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—

By virtue of a Writ of Vend. Ex. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Centre County, Pennsylvania, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in the borough of Bellefonte, on

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 22nd, 1913,
at 1:30 o'clock, P. M.,

the following described real estate, viz.:

DESCRIPTION.

All that certain piece of ground situate in the borough of Philipsburg, bounded and described as follows to wit:

Beginning at a corner of M. Gowland; thence by line of said M. Gowland fifty-nine and one-fourth degrees (59 1-4 deg.) east ninety-four feet (94) to Tenth street; thence by line of Tenth street thirty and three-quarter degrees (30 3-4 deg.) east sixty (60) feet to lot of Charles E. Murray; thence by line of said Murray's lot and part of lot of Charles McCully south fifty-nine and one-quarter (59 1-4 deg.) degrees west ninety-four (94) feet to lot of Simon Nolan; thence by line of said S. Nolan sixty (60) feet to the place of beginning. Thereon erected a double two-story frame dwelling house and necessary outbuildings.

Seized, levied upon, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of E. P. McCormick.

TERMS OF SALE—No deed will be acknowledge until the purchase money is paid in full.

ARTHUR B. LEE, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Bellefonte, Penna.,
August 25, 1913.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

Whereas the Honorable Ellis L. Orris, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the Forty-ninth Judicial District, consisting of the county of Centre, having issued his precept bearing date the 4th day of August, 1913, to me directed for holding a Court of Common Pleas, Orphans Court, Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, in Bellefonte, for the county of Centre, and to commence on the

FOURTH MONDAY OF SEPTEMBER,

being the 22nd day of September, 1913, and to continue two weeks.

Notice is hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, Aldermen, and Constables of said county of Centre, that they be then and there in their proper persons at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of the 22nd, with their records, inquisitions, examinations, and their own remembrances, to do those things which to their office appertains to be done and those who are bound in recognizances, to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in jail of Centre county, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand at Bellefonte, the 25th day of August in the year of our Lord, 1913, an the one hundred and thirty-sixth year of the Independence of the United States of America.

ARTHUR B. LEE,
Sheriff's Office, Sheriff.
Bellefonte, August 25, 1913.

LEGAL NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following accounts will be presented to Court for confirmation

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 24TH, 1913,

and unless exceptions be filed thereto on or before September 22, 1913, the same will be confirmed, to-wit:

The first and final account of Joseph F. Meyers, guardian of Mahlon Havens.

The fifth account of W. J. Wiser, committee of of West Ann Hamler.

The final account of Jacob Swires, receiver of the Jason Coal Company.

The first and partial account of John L. Knisely, guardian for Mary Reed.

The first and final account of Harry Keller, substituted assignee of the assigned estate of J. Howard Tipton, Curtin township.

The first and final account of Homer P. Barnes, assignee of the assigned estate of Frank P. Bartley, Bellefonte.

D. R. FOREMAN,
Sept. 18, 1913. Prothonotary.

STOVE FOR SALE.—Large stove, suitable for store room, office, school house, etc. In first class condition; almost new. Sold at a bargain—THE CENTRE REPORTER, Centre Hall.

Straw Hats
REDUCED

All straw hats in the store—for dress and field wear—have been greatly cut in price. Real money may be saved by buying next season's straw hat now. Styles are conservative and will not be "out-of-date."

KREAMER & SON
CENTRE HALL

Fortieth Annual

Encampment and Exhibition

of the Patrons of Husbandry of Central Penn.

GRANGE PARK, CENTRE HALL, PA.

September 13 to 19 1913

Encampment Opens Sept. 13th — Exhibition Opens Sept. 15th

The largest and best fair in Central Pennsylvania; by farmers and for farmers. Twenty-eight acres are devoted to camping and exhibition purposes. Ample tent accommodation for all desiring to camp.

A large display of farm stock and poultry, farm implements, fruits, cereals and every production of farm and garden.

ADMISSION FREE

LEONARD RHONE, CHAIRMAN

GEORGE GINGERICH,
G. L. GOODHART, Committee

NEW LAWS OF PENNSYLVANIA

A Brief Outline of Acts of the General Assembly of 1913 As Approved by the Governor

No. 359.

Townships of the first-class may provide for collection and disposal of garbage.

No. 360.

Allows first-class townships to construct sidewalks connecting with cities or villages.

No. 361.

Makes the real estate of any pauper liable for his support and burial.

No. 362.

Requires cemetery associations in cities of the first-class to keep a complete list of all persons buried.

No. 363.

Requires maps and plats of town sites and sub-divisions to be recorded.

No. 364.

Requiring county officers to make quarterly reports showing collections of fees made for other officers.

No. 365.

Jury commissioners are to have $4.00 a day and four cents mileage.

No. 366.

Allows more than one crier to each court.

No. 367.

Third Class Cities.

Cities of third class may be incorporated with a population of 10,000 by majority vote of the inhabitants of the prescribed area. This law carries lengthy provisions for the government of cities when incorporated.

No. 368.

The pay of election officials, judges, clerks and inspectors, hereafter will be five dollars each for services during election.

No. 369.

Cities and boroughs are authorized to construct and maintain drinking fountains and comfort stations.

No. 370.

Viewers may award damages though no land is actually taken.

No. 371.

Extends from July 1 to August 1 the time in which to pay taxes and secure rebate of one per cent.

No. 372.

Authorizes inter-insurance contracts, providing indemnity among insurance companies from losses.

No. 373.

Provides for the creation of a Bureau of Public Morals in cities of the second class, to be governed by seven directors, to include three women.

No. 374.

Levies a tax on each ton of anthracite coal mined of two and one-half per cent of its value.

No. 375.

Prevents refuse from anthracite mines being discharged into any river or stream.

No. 376.

Increases the salary of the Secretary of Agriculture to $5,000, the deputy to $4,000 and other salaries in the department in proportion.

No. 377.

Defines, by amendment, the duties of the sinking fund commission of cities of the second class.

No. 378.

Repeals the acts to govern storage of petroleum at refineries in Philadelphia.

No. 379.

A commission of five is to investigate the rating bureaus of insurance companies and other methods of fixing rates.

No. 380.

A commission of seven is to inquire into the causes of industrial accidents, study the operation of the workmen's compensation law, and report to the legislature.

No. 381.

Lake Erie Canal.

One hundred and fifty thousand dollars is appropriated for the preliminary work of constructing a canal from Lake Erie to the Ohio river. A board of five members is to have charge. No construction to begin until funds are available.

No. 382.

Authorizes the survey of land in the beds of abandoned navigable streams and patents to issue to owners of land abutting.

No. 383.

Provides for an adjustment of values of taxable property by township supervisors to conform to changes of value made by county commissioners.

No. 384.

Townships of the first class may establish lights along state roads.

No. 385.

Registration and license is required for motor vehicles, $3 license for motor cycle, $5 to $20 for motor cars. Drivers must be at least 16 years of age.

No. 386.

Authorizes the State Highway Commissioner to take over the rights of way of canal companies, and of railroad and railway companies, that have been abandoned or have not been built upon, for the use of the State Highway Department for the purpose of locating and constructing State Highways.

No. 387.

The Water Supply Commission is authorized to publish rules of procedure in matters coming under its authority.

No. 388.

Fish in cold storage when removed shall be marked with the date of receipt.

No. 389.

Authorizes suit against the State by D. W. Sand and wife for injuries in the capitol.

No. 390.

Prescribes the manner of submitting proposed amendments to the constitution.

No. 391.

Provides for chartering cities of the third class.

No. 392.

Mutual fire insurance companies have the power to insure against loss by water caused by breaking or leak of water apparatus on premises.

No. 393.

Seventy-five thousand dollars appropriated for the celebration of the fiftieth anniversary of the Emancipation Proclamation.

No. 394.

Requires standard provisions in life and accident insurance policies.

No. 395.

Permits congregation of prisoners in the Eastern Penitentiary for purposes of worship, labor, learning or recreation.

Nos. 396-397.

Repeals the conflicting laws fixing the salary of the treasurer of Bedford county.

No. 398.

Fixes the time for the Emancipation Proclamation celebration in Philadelphia for the last two weeks of August.

No. 399.

Establishes the Municipal Court of Philadelphia with exclusive jurisdiction in civil cases of $600, and in all minor criminal cases.

No. 400.

The new primary laws, defining at length manner of holding elections for nominations.

No. 401.

Insurance companies are prohibited from making false or misleading statements concerning the terms of their policies or its future dividends.

No. 402.

Prohibits insurance companies from giving rebates of premiums.

No. 403.

Four hundred thousand dollars of the money received from motor vehicle licenses is appropriated for state highways.

No. 404.

Makes the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics the collector of information regarding births, deaths and marriages.

No. 405.

Fixes salaries of stenographers in the Bureau of Mines.

No. 406.

Provides for a City Planning Department for cities of the third class.

No. 407.

Appropriation bill covering the expenses of the executive, judicial and legislative branches, interest on the public debt and support of the common schools.

No. 408.

Within thirty days after the accident employers shall make report to the Department of Labor and Industry of accidents to employes occurring in the course of employment. Report shall set forth name, address and nature of employers business; name, address, sex, age, nationality and occupation of employe, with the date hour and character of the accident, nature of injury, duration of probable disability. Penalty of $100 for non-compliance. Does not apply to disability continuing less than two days.

No. 409.

Concerns jurisdiction of orphan's courts.

No. 410.

Creates a division for the distribution of public documents in the printing department.

No. 411.

Provides for submitting a proposed amendment to the Constitution relating to judges.

No. 412.

Minors under eighteen may be employed around but not in quarries.

No. 413.

In cities of the first class taxes may be paid after January 25.

No. 413.

Authorizes the designation of district foresters with particular reference to the care of wood lot and private forests.

No. 415.

Regulates manner for municipalities to acquire private sewer systems.

No. 416.

Provides that courts may make orders of maintenance against estates of men who have deserted wives, and whose whereabouts are unknown.

No. 417.

Proceeds of bond issues of cities of the first class to be used for extension of transit facilities within the city or adjacent municipalities.

No. 418.

Joint resolution to Congress to propose a convention for proposing an amendment to the national constitution prohibiting polygamy.

No. 119.

Fixes salary of county solicitor in counties of 250,000 to 1,000,000 at $2,000.

No. 420.

Requires counties to provide rooms of detention for children under 16 awaiting trial, and the proper care and maintenance of the children in custody.

No. 421.

Validates certain real estate sales by orphans' court of decedents' property.

No. 422.

Provides for an additonal judge in the Eleventh district.

HOUSING THE PLANTS

Should Be Removed to Porch Before Frosts Come.

Change to House or Cellar Should Be Made Gradually—Leave Dahlias and Gladiolis Long as Possible Without Freezing.

(By B. L. PUTNAM.)

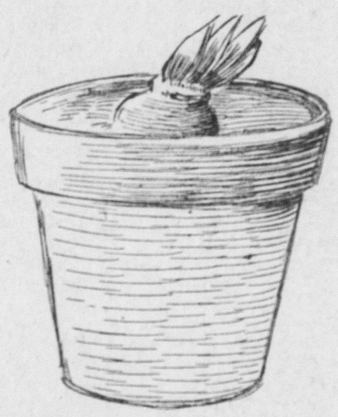
The tender plants should be removed to the porch before frosts come, and thus render the change to the house or to the cellar a gradual one.

Any sudden change is as deleterious to plant as to animal life. After they have become acclimated to the sheltered position, the removal to the house can be endured without check to the growth.

Leave the dahlias and gladioli in the ground as long as possible without freezing, as this will give them less time in storage, and when conditions are favorable, the soil is preferable to any winter packing.

Choose preferrably a sunny day for digging them, and place where they will become dry enough so that the dirt will shake off easily. Do not allow them to chill, but dry thoroughly before packing.

When dry, pack in sand or tie in paper sacks, and keep in a frost-proof closet. If the cellar is dry, some prefer to store them there. Leave the



Result of Using Wet Soil.

clumps entirely as dug, with a portion of the stalk adhering. In the spring they should be divided, a single tuber being enough for each plant.

Cannas are more tender and rot more easily, hence they must have more careful treatment along similar lines. Unless fully matured, it is very difficult to keep them successfully.

Tuberoses positively must not be chilled, if you would have them bloom. The flower stalk forms once only in a single bulb, and if this is injured, the plant is valueless as a bloomer, although it may form new bulbs freely. Pack the bulbs in sand in a positively frost-proof place.

When the leaves of fancy Caladium bulbs commence to fade, refrain from watering, and when ripe, pack the bulbs in good sand, and set in a warm place.

Do not let them become dry enough to shrivel, as this will cause them to rot. Sprinkle, but do not make the sand wet, lest the other extreme—wet rot—follow.

Unless the cellar is very dry, as well as frost-proof, plants like the Rubber plant, Agave and Cacti should be left in the living room, for a cool moist atmosphere tends to protect rot. It is a good rule to water them only often enough to prevent drying out, until they show signs of making new growth, when the water should be freely given.

The fibrous begonias are best kept in the window, but the tuberous one will naturally die to the ground as autumn approaches. These should be dried off when the leaves drop, and placed in a box of dry sand kept 20 degrees above freezing line. Repot in rich soil early in the spring, and growth will soon commence.

The Zonale Geraniums may be stored in the cellar in pots, or pulled up by the roots and hung in a dry cellar where they will not freeze. The latter treatment causes loss of leaves, but the roots are often in good condition for spring planting. But it is better in either case to reserve some plants or slips for the window.

Slips of geraniums—all but the scented varieties—are easily rooted in water, if the glass is placed in a sunny window where the full light will strike the stems. Use well water in preference to that from a cistern, as the mineral matter contained seems to be needed to promote growth.

Decrease of Feed Often Helps.

In feeding a heifer, a great many people think because she is not doing quite as well as she ought to, that they are not feeding enough and will increase the feed, when frequently a dropping off of the grain ration will cause a greater flow of milk. Some animals will stand much higher feed than others, and it is the man who knows his animal best, that will make the most successful feeder.

Profitable Poultry Farm.

A rightly managed poultry farm, so located that the expense is not too great in marketing, is sure to be profitable. When farms are established near cities the market practically is right at the door.

Time to Fatten Ewes.

It is a good time to fatten old and faulty ewes, before cold weather comes.

PICK-UPS AROUND THE FARM

Some Excellent Suggestions That Will Beautify and Make the Home More Comfortable.

(By F. H. SWEET.)

Prune flowering shrubs as soon as they have finished flowering. The secret of pruning shrubbery, in a nutshell, is to study the habit of growth of each plant, and to strive to encourage it; not alter it to your views.

Make a note of the yellow spots in the lawn. If the grass is scanty, the trouble is probably sand or poor soil. The best cure is to dig out the place, and put in some good loam.

To insure a thick privet hedge, cut back three inches every time the plants make six inches of growth.

Always keep on the lookout for possible mosquito-breeding places, rain barrels, up-turned cans, low places in roof gutters, and liquid manure tubs. Drain off or apply kerosene.

Make notes this year to guide you in next year's planting plans. If you see a shrub or flower that you admire, find out the name and variety if possible.

Replace rotten wood floors and posts with concrete, and the work is done for all time.

Gravel roads and walks that refuse to get solid, can be greatly improved by the judicious use of clay. Pulverize the latter, and sprinkle evenly. Too much clay will make a sticky road in wet weather, which is far worse than a soft-gravel road.

Keep all the fence corners cleaned out. More vermin are harbored there than anywhere else on the place.

By ordering the various dutch bulbs—hyacinths, tulips, crocuses, narcissus, daffodils—early, and by enabling your nurseryman to book his order, you can usually get better prices and quality.

Pinch off the seed-pods from azaleas and rhododendrons to insure good flower buds for next year.

Give Japanese iris plenty of water to insure good blooms.

Use lawn clippings as a mulch for rose bushes.

With nearly all plants it is necessary to keep the flowers cut to prolong the bearing season. This is especially true of sweet peas.

Most native wild flowers may be transplanted safely to the home garden if a square piece of soil is cut up with the plants, and the roots are disturbed as little as possible.

FAVOR INDIAN RUNNER DUCK

Among Good Qualities They Are Not Susceptible to Diseases and Yield Big Profits.

The Indian Runner duck is fast striding from obscurity into national prominence. Scarcely one person out of a hundred knows today the full value of this bird, but leading poultrymen have awakened to its merit, and the people are soon to know its wonderful possibilities.

The old idea has been that a pond of water was necessary in raising ducks; but it has been proven that Indian Runner ducks need only enough water to drink and occasionally to bathe in. For drinking purposes, a tin vessel about eight inches deep, filled with fresh water three times daily, will answer, and an old dishpan is large enough for them to bathe in.

Unlike hens, Indian Runners lay the full year—not so steadily, of course,

Indian Runner Duck.

during moulting season, but a flock of ten ducks and two drakes will average six to eight eggs daily the year round.

Too much cannot be said in their praise by those who own them and have tested their good qualities.

They are never afflicted with sorehead or roup, nor troubled by parasites. Beginning to lay at five months, they are useful for five years, often longer.

The markings of these birds are varied, some being light fawn-and-white, some dark English penciled, and still others pure white. Only the fawn-and-white is at present recognized in the standard of perfection. However, the pure white will be admitted within the next few months.

The fawn-and-white and English penciled range in price from two to five dollars, their eggs bringing two to five dollars a setting. The pure white Runner is a new breed, and is high priced, selling for $10 to $50 each; eggs $8 and $10 a setting.

At eight weeks of age Indian Runners should weigh at least four pounds, and are delicious broiled, fried, baked or roasted.

PHILADELPHIA TRACTION MERGER

Six Roads in Vicinity of Philadelphia Pool Interests

GOOD ROADS FOR RED LION

West Chester Normal School Teacher Ousted by Board—Norristown Council Defends Action in Mandamus Suit—P. O. S. of A. Convention.

(Special Harrisburg Correspondence.)

Harrisburg.—The merger of six electric companies chartered for the vicinity of Philadelphia was approved under the name of the Interborough Electric Light and Power Company, with offices in Philadelphia and capital of $30,000. The companies are Millbourne, Cooperstown, Ithan, Guelph, Gladwyne and Interborough. Thomas Newhall is the president. State charters have been issued to the following:—Deep Run Dairymen's Association, Perkasie, capital $5,000; The David Company, Philadelphia, furnishings, capital $10,000; Great Southern Amusement Company, Philadelphia, capital $5,000; Galeton Knitting Mills, Galeton, capital $6,000; Standard Refractories Company, Claysburg, capital $125,000.

A strong boost was given to the good roads movement at Red Lion when the farmers of that section of York county gathered for the annual meeting. The road loan of $50,000,000 was uppermost in the discussions and the people in charge called on Deputy Secretary of Agriculture A. L. Martin, who spoke at length on the proposition. He was liberally applauded and other speakers endorsed what he said. Among those connected with the State government in attendance were Dr. William Frear, of the Dairy and Food Division, and L. W. Lighty, of the farm counsellors' division. The road loan is being actively urged in many parts of the State.

At the regular monthly meeting of the State Normal School directors at West Chester, the resignation of Miss Elvira Y. Speakman, demanded by the investigating committee, was accepted by a majority vote after an appeal had been made in her behalf by Walter E. Groonwood, the president of the Alumni Association.

No appointment of steward was made to fill the vacancy occasioned by the discharge of Harry S. Johnson, who mysteriously disappeared from town on July 2, about the time that Ruth Wolfe, a young graduate, also disappeared from her Luzerne County home, but John Hollinger, the bookkeeper, who has assisted Johnson, will have a trial before the position is filled permanently.

The expected report of the investigating committee was deferred until next week, pending the return to town of T. Larry Eyrne, who was called on business. Several teachers have been under examination by the committee, who will recommend the discharge of some other employes of the school on the same grounds that Miss Speakman and Mrs. Alice Bullock, the head nurse, were discharged.

City Advocates Answered.

Norristown borough filed answer with the court in the mandamus suit brought by advocates of a third class city charter and the commission form of government through the medium of the Comonwealth of Pennsylvania. The action of Town Council in fixing the time for submitting the city charter question to the people at the November election, under act of June 27, instead of ordering a special election under the Clark third class city law, as desired by the city charter advocates, is defended. The act of June 27 is declared to have just as much force as the Clark law of July 7.

It is also averred that even if the petitioners be upheld, the establishment of a city government would not be expedited for these reasons:—

August 26, 1913, is the last day to file with the County Commissioners nomination for municipal officers to be nominated at the primary election on September 16, 1913. No candidate can be voted for at said primaries unless their nomination papers be so filed on or before August 26, 1913. No letters patent for city incorporation can be issued by August 26, or even by September 16, 1913. There is no legal provision for special election for the first set of elective third class city officers, nor for their appointment. And whether the question of chance from borough to city comes up at the general municipal election on November 4, 1913, or at an earlier special election, the borough charter and government will remain in force until the first Monday of January, 1916, when, if city charter has previously carried at an election, the city officers elected at the municipal election in November, 1915, will take office.

Good Roads Convention.

Harrisburg.—Friends of good roads have called a convention to be held in the hall of the House of Representatives September 17, in the interest of the proposed $50,000,000 State bond issue for roads, which goes before the voters in November. Among the persons and organizations interested in the convention are county chairmen of political parties, union labor leaders, commissioners from the counties, automobile clubs, medical societies and local road associations. It is intended to form county committees.

At the Hospital.

"This man has water on the brain."

"Naturally; he's a stock promoter."

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle. Adv

The man who first ate a lobster had nerve, but he who first manipulated a dish of chop-house hash was a hero.

The wise man follows the lines of least resistance by telling all women how well they look and all mothers their babies are beautiful.

For SUMMER HEADACHES

Hicks' CAPUDINE is the best remedy—no matter what causes them—whether from the heat, sitting in draughts, feverish condition, etc. 10c., 25c and 50c per bottle at medicine stores. Adv.

Offers No Resistance Now.

"Corkins is a booze fighter, isn't he?"

"Not now; he surrendered long ago."

For 75 years Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills have been their own recommendation in conditions of upset stomach, liver and bowels. If you have not tried them, a test now will prove their benefit to you. Send for free sample to 372 Pearl St., New York. Adv.

Her Three R's.

Schuyler—What constitutes "the three R's" in the education of a debutante?

Van Puyster—Well, I should say raiment, ragtime and repartee.—Life.

FOR MALARIA, CHILLS, FEVER

Colds and La Grippe take Elixir Babek, a preventative and remedy.

"I have used 'Elixir Babek' for four years for Malaria, and found it all that is claimed for it. Without it I would be obliged to change my residence, as I can not take quinine in any of its forms."—J. Middleton, Four-Mile Run, Va. Elixir Babek 50 cents, all druggists or by Parcels Post prepaid from Kloczewski & Co., Washington, D. C.

Eliminating Mr. and Mrs.

A correspondent of the London Daily Citizen suggests that the unnecessary and unpleasing prefix "Mr." should be eliminated from the superscription of letters. The derivation of this prefix was one of the penalties enforced in our American colonies during the seventeenth century. The records of Massachusetts show that in 1680 Josias Plaistowe was condemned "for stealing four baskets of corn from the Indians, to return them eight baskets again, to be fined £5, and hereafter to be called Josias, not Mr., as he used to be." The Massachusetts penal code also provided for docking women of the prefix of Mrs., but there is no record of this clause having been enforced.

American Business Hustle.

Here is an instapce of the thoroughness with which England's commercial rivals do business. A leading municipality in the far east is ordering a large quantity of electrical material, and the head of the department concerned was authorized to visit Germany, Great Britain and the United States to inspect plants. He crossed to America first and found that the American agent from the city from which he came had notified every manufacturer of his visit and his mission, with the result that when he landed he received a sheaf of letters of invitation from manufacturers, and of offers of hospitality. As a result, he saw everything he wanted under exceptionally favorable conditions, and every courtesy was shown to him. The German representative is doing precisely the same, but nothing whatever has been done by or on behalf of the British manufacturer. If the representative wants to see anything in this country he has to dig it out for himself, for nobody seems to care for the business and nobody knows of it.—London World.

LIGHT BREAKS IN

Thoughtful Farmer Learns About Coffee.

Many people exist in a more or less hazy condition and it often takes years before they realize that tea and coffee are often the cause of the cloudiness, and that there is a simple way to let the light break in.

A worthy farmer had such an experience and tells about it, in a letter. He says:

"For about forty years, I have had indigestion and stomach trouble in various forms. During the last 25 years I would not more than get over one spell of bilious colic until another would be upon me.

"The best doctors I could get and all the medicines I could buy, only gave me temporary relief.

"Change of climate was tried without results. I could not sleep nights, had rheumatism and my heart would palpitate at times so that it seemed it would jump out of my body.

"I came to the conclusion that there was no relief for me and that I was about wound up, when I saw a Postum advertisement. I had always been a coffee drinker, and got an idea from the ad. that maybe coffee was the cause of my trouble.

"I began to use Postum instead of coffee and in less than three weeks I felt like a new man. The rheumatism left me, and I have never had a spell of bilious colic since.

"My appetite is good, my digestion never was better and I can do more work than before for 40 years.

"I haven't tasted coffee since I began with Postum. My wife makes it according to directions and I relish it as well as I ever did coffee, and I was certainly a slave to coffee."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Write for copy of the little book, "The Road to Wellville."

Postum comes in two forms:

Regular Postum—must be well boiled.

Instant Postum is a soluble powder. A teaspoonful dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water and, with the addition of cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage instantly.

"There's a reason" for Postum.

WOMAN IN TERRIBLE STATE

Finds Help in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Bellevue, Ohio.—"I was in a terrible state before I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. My back acheduntil I thought it would break, I had pains all over me, nervous feelings and periodic troubles. I was very weak and run down and was losing hope of ever being well and strong. After taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I improved rapidly and today am a well woman. I cannot tell you how happy I feel and I cannot say too much for your Compound. Would not be without it in the house if it cost three times the amount."—Mrs. CHAS. CHAPMAN, R. F. D. No. 7, Bellevue, Ohio.

Because your case is a difficult one, doctors having done you no good, do not continue to suffer without giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. It surely has remedied many cases of female ills, such as inflammation, ulceration, displacements, tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, and it may be exactly what you need.

The Pinkham record is a proud and peerless one. It is a record of constant victory over the obstinate ills of woman—ills that deal out despair. It is an established fact that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has restored health to thousands of such suffering women. Why don't you try it if you need such a medicine?

Relief from Backaches!

Sure and speedy relief from your suffering within 24 hours—and permanent relief, too—when you take

WELLS Famous Backache **REMEDY**

This standard cure has been successfully used for more than 30 years. Thousands of voluntary letters praising its benefits have been received. A bottle should be kept always in every household. No harmful drugs or opiates. Not obtainable anywhere except from maker. This is to avoid substitution and protect you. Sent prepaid on receipt of price, $1 per bottle. Write for free particulars

Wells Remedy Co., Baltimore, Md.
Sole proprietor and distributor

Her Brother's Voice.

Little Faith was possessed of a most friendly disposition, but had not yet reached the age where she could understand the silence that may wrap itself around a wordless intimacy. In fact, she demanded speech, frequent and loving.

One night her brother was studying most assiduously his arithmetic lesson, and after calling to him several times without receiving an answer, she appealed to her father.

"George is busy," said father.

"I know," replied Faith, "but he might at least have said 'Shut up.'"

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Perfectly Natural.

"There's a fellow who is hoping for a crop failure."

"That seems unusual. What has he sown?"

"Wild oats."

Summer Annoyances

such as prickly heat, ivy poisoning, insect bites and offensive perspiration are quickly relieved by applying Tyree's Antiseptic Powder. 25c. at druggists or write J. S. Tyree, Washington, D. C., for free sample.—Adv.

Some Stunt.

"Beating the plowshare into a sword must be some stunt."

"Oh, I don't know. I beat a Peoria colonel into a saloon the other day."

Raw cotton from Africa and Asia inported into England and re-exported to the United States during January-April weighed 58,000,000 pounds.

Libby's **Soups**

Soup making is an art. Why trouble with soup recipes when the best chefs in the country are at your service? A few cans of Libby's Soup on your pantry shelf assures you of the correct flavor, ready in a few minutes. There are Tomato, Vegetable, Chicken, Oxtail, Consomme, Mock Turtle and other kinds.

Your grocer has them.

Libby, McNeill & Libby
Chicago

STRICT NEUTRALITY PRESIDENT'S POLICY TOWARD MEXICO MADE KNOWN IN STIRRING MESSAGE

Urges All Americans to Leave Revolution-Ridden Country and Offers Assistance of the Government to Those Financially Unable—Holds "Those Who Assume to Exercise Authority" Responsible For Injury to Americans or American Industry

HUERTA STUBBORNLY REJECTS ALL PEACE OVERTURES

SCENES ATTENDING IMPRESSIVE OCCASION WITHOUT PARALLEL IN THE LAST CENTURY.

GIST OF PRESIDENT WILSON'S POLICY

No armed intervention.

Strict neutrality "forbidding the exportation of arms or munitions of war of any kind from the United States to any part of the Republic of Mexico."

Under no circumstances to "be the partisans of either party to the contest that now distracts Mexico, or constitute ourselves the virtual umpire between them."

To urge all Americans to leave Mexico at once and to assist them to get away in every way possible.

To let every one in Mexico who assumes to exercise authority know that this government "shall vigilantly watch the fortunes of those Americans who cannot get away and shall hold those responsible for their sufferings and losses to a definite reckoning."

GAMBOA'S OPINIONS OF WILSON PROPOSALS

That President Wilson's imputation that no progress is being made toward peace in Mexico is not true.

That the proposal of an armistice is impossible, because nations do not propose armistices with bandits. To grant an armistice would be to recognize the belligerency of the rebels.

That the request that General Huerta should not be a candidate for the Presidency is "strange and unwarranted."

That the election of General Huerta was legal.

That the American proposals are "humiliating and unusual."

That Mexico's Ambassador should be received in Washington.

Washington. — Declaring against armed intervention, promising absolute neutrality, warning Mexico to protect Americans, but urging them to leave Mexico as soon as possible, President Wilson read a long message before both houses of Congress on the Mexican situation.

The President stated his views at the appointed hour, despite the fact that the Embassy at Mexico City advised the State Department that Provisional President Huerta was sending a special message to Envoy Lind at Vera Cruz for transmission to Washington.

The President's words, though conciliatory in tone, nevertheless, are firm regarding the situation as he sees it. He professes great friendship of this nation for the Mexican people, but declares that the provisional government utterly has failed in bringing about normal conditions.

Not only that, President Wilson says, but the territory in some sort controlled by the provisional president has grown smaller, not larger.

Huerta Rejection Sharp in Terms.

Accompanying the President's message was the reply of the Huerta government rejecting in toto, and in rather curt terms, the American proposals.

The answer was written by Foreign Minister Gamboa, and addressed to Special Envoy Lind, whom he repeatedly addresses as "Mr. Confidential Agent" without once referring to him by name. Henor Gamboa suggested the following alternative policy for the United States:—

Reception of Mexican Ambassador in Washington.

That the United States send a new Ambassador to Mexico without restraints.

All World Looks On.

The whole world desires her peace and progress. Mexico lies at last where all the world looks on. Central America is about to be touched by the great routes of the world's trade and interccurse running free from ocean to ocean at the Isthmus. The future has much in store for Mexico, as for all the States of Central America; but the best gifts can come to her only if she be ready and free to receive them and to enjoy them honorably.

America, in particular—America north and south and upon both continents—waits upon the development of Mexico; and that development can be sound and lasting only if it be the product of a genuine freedom, a just and ordered government founded upon law. Mexico has a great and enviable future before her, if only she choose and attain the paths of honest constitutional government.

We have waited many months, months ful peril and anxiety, for the conditions there to improve. THEY HAVE GROWN WORSE, RATHER. THE TERRITORY IN SOME SORT CONTROLLED BY THE PROVISIONAL AUTHORITIES AT MEXICO CITY HAS GROWN SMALLER, NOT LARGER.

Difficulties more and more entangle those who claim to constitute the legitimate government of the republic. They have not made good their claim in fact. Their successes in the field have proved only temporary. War and disorder, devastation and confusion, seem to threaten to become the settled fortune of the distracted country.

Our Duty to Tender Good Offices.

It was our duty at last to volunteer our good offices—to offer to assist, if we might, in effecting some arrangement which would bring relief.

Accordingly, I took the liberty of sending the Hon. John Lind, formerly Governor of Minnesota, as my personal spokesman and representative, to the City of Mexico, with instructions to tender the good offices of the United States in the interest of peace.

All America cries for a settlement.

A satisfactory settlement seems to be conditioned on—

"(a) Immediate cessation of fighting throughout Mexico, a definite armistice solemly entered into and scrupulously observed;

"(b) Security given for an early and free election in which all will agree to take part;

"(c) The consent of Gen. Huerta to bind himself not to be a candidate for election as president of the republic at this election; and

"(3) The agreement of all parties to abide by the results of the election and co-operate in the most loyal way in organizing and supporting the new administration.

Mr. Lind executed his delicate and difficult mission with singular tact, firmness, and good judgment, and made clear to the authorities at the City of Mexico not only the purpose of his visit, but also the spirit in which it had been undertaken. But the proposals he submitted were rejected, in a note the full text of which I take the liberty of laying before you.

I am led to believe that they were rejected partly because the authorities at Mexico City had been grossly misinformed and misled upon two points. They did not realize the spirit of the American people in this matter, their earnest friendliness and yet sober determination that some just solution be found for the Mexican difficulties; and they did not believe that the present administration spoke, through Mr. Lind, for the people of the United States.

The effect of this unfortunate misunderstanding on their part is to leave them singularly isolated and without friends who can effectually aid them.

The situation must be given a little more time to work itself out in the new circumstances, and I believe that only a little while will be necessary. The actual situation of the authorities at Mexico City will presently be revealed.

Meanwhile, we can afford to exercise the self-restraint of a really great nation which realizes its own strength and scorns to misuse it.

It was our duty to offer our active assistance. It is now our duty to show what true neutrality will do to enable the people of Mexico to set their affairs in order again.

Urges Americans to Leave Mexico.

We should earnestly urge all Americans to leave Mexico at once, and should assist them to get away in every way possible—not because we mean to slacken in the least our efforts to safe-guard their lives and interests, but because it is imperative that they should take no unnecessary risks when it is physically possible for them to leave the country.

We should let every one who assumes to exercise authority in any part of Mexico know in the most unequivocal way that we shall vigilantly watch the fortunes of those Americans who cannot get away, and shall hold those responsible for their sufferings and losses to a definite reckoning. That can be and will be made plain beyond the possibility of a misunderstanding.

WOODROW WILSON.

Strict observance of the neutrality laws and "see to it that no material or monetary assistance is given to the rebels."

Unconditional recognition of the Huerta government.

To-day's occasion had not been paralleled in more than a century. No other President since George Washington has appeared before Congress on a foreign affair.

The Senate and House assembled in the House Chamber, the Senators filing in two by two. As the President mounted the platform where Speaker Clark and Vice President Marshall were waiting the big chamber was hushed.

Attired in a conventional frock coat suit the President stood at the clerk's desk and read his address in the easy conversational tone for which he is noted. Scarcely a sound interrupted.

The President outlined the position this government should take, and in concluding predicted that the "steadying pressure of moral force will before many days break the barriers of pride and prejudice down, and we shall triumph as Mexico's friends sooner than we could triumph as her enemies."

Mrs. Wilson and her daughters and Secretary Bryan had taken places in the executive gallery. Other members of the Cabinet had taken places on the floor. Every head in the chamber had been bowed, and the solemnity of the occasion was impressive as the House chaplain, the Rev. Henry D. Couden, in his opening prayer, said:—

"Rule Thou in the hearts of our rulers and sway the minds of these Thy servants, that as a nation we may move forward to all that is pure and noble until all the peoples of all the world shall recognize the purity of our motives."

Although a deafning volley of applause rang out as the President appeared, he plunged into the reading of his message without delay and with a bow of acknowledgement of the greeting.

The President finished reading at 1:21 o'clock. Another great roar of applause broke out. All those in the galleries stood while the President left the chamber and started back to the White House.

The joint session at once dissolved, the House adjourned, and the Senate filed back to its side of the Capitol.

A summary of the President's message follows:—

Gentlemen of the Congress:—It is clearly my duty to lay before you, very fully and without reservation, the facts concerning our present relations with the republic of Mexico. I deem it my duty to speak very frankly of what this government has done and should seek to do in fulfillment of its obligation to Mexico herself, as a friend and neighbor, and to American citizens whose lives and vital interests are daily affected by the distressing conditions which now obtain beyond our southern border.

The peace, prosperity and contentment of Mexico means more, much more, to us than merely an enlarged field for our commerce and enterprise. They mean an enlargement of the field of self government and the realization of the hopes and rights of a nation with whose best aspirations, so long suppressed and disappointed, we deeply sympathize. We shall yet prove to the Mexican people that we know how to serve them without first thinking how we shall serve ourselves.

GRAND CROSS FOR CARNEGIE.

Queen Wilhelmina Decorates Great Steel Magnate.

The Hague, Netherlands. — The Grand Cross of the Order of Orange-Nassau was conferred on Andrew Carnegie by Queen Wilhelmina in commemoration of the dedication of the Palace of Peace.

A similar decoration was bestowed on Abraham Pieter Cornelis van Karnebeek, president of the Carnegie Foundation

REBELS PLEA FOR ARMS.

Promise to Make Quick Work of the Federal oFrces.

Houston, Tex.—Given undestricted opportunities to buy munitions of war in the United States, the constitutionalists will sweep President Huerta from power, assume responsibility for injury done foreigners, hold a free and fair election and re-establish Mexico firm in cordial relations with the United States, according to a statement from Gen. Jesus Carranza, which was carried to President Wilson.

REPUTED FEDERAL VICTORY.

Details of Battle at Guaymas Received at Mexico Capital.

Mexico City.—Details of an important Federal victory at Guaymas were received here. Gen. Ojeda's column defeated the rebel forces on the hills near Guaymas, killing 200 and capturing a large quantity of munitions. The Federals hold the railroad north and south of Guaymas and have divided the rebel forces. A Federal force led by Col. Garcia destroyed portions of the railroad.

ACCOUNTING FOR "HOT AIR"

Statesmen on Electioneering Tour Each Thought He Had a Good Joke on His Opponent.

"You can't always tell who's it," mused Representative Taggart of Kansas City, Kan. "When I was electioneering out in the prairie section of my district during the campaign last fall I chanced to see as I entered a railway car one day, my opponent sitting with a vacant seat beside him.

"We had never met, but I recognized him at once from photographs. Accordingly, taking my seat beside him, and not disclosing my identity, I launched forth in extravagant praise of him. To this he strongly demurred and forthwith poured forth a flood of compliments to my humble self that made me tingle with pleasure all the way down my spinal column.

"After two hours of mutual flattery, we reached our destination, and, as we parted on the platform, I thought it a good joke to tell him that I had known his identity all the time.

"So, still keeping my own identity in the dark, I said to him:

"'Mr. ——, I knew who you were as soon as I sat down by you!'

"'And I,' said Mr. ——, without turning a hair, 'knew you were Taggart the moment you came in the door.'"

DEEP CRACKS ON JOINTS

P. O. Box 378, El Paso, Texas.—"My trouble began December, 1911. It commenced on me by causing a scurf-like skin and my toe joints, finger joints and lips commenced to crack and split open. My finger cracks would bleed all day long; the cracks were very deep and my thumb seemed to be cracked to the bone. My hands were so bad that I had to sleep with gloves on. The cracks in my lips would bleed often during the day and I used to put adhesive plaster across them to try to keep them closed. My toes would bleed, and I would find blood in my socks when the day's work was done. The skin around the cracks was red and inflamed. I wore shoes one size too large on account of my feet being so sore. I used to become frantic with pain at times. My hands and feet used to smart.

"I suffered agony for four months. I went to town and got some Cuticura Soap and Ointment. From the time I commenced with the Cuticura Soap and Ointment until completely cured was just nineteen days." (Signed) Jack Harrison, Nov. 19, 1912.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address postcard "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."—Adv.

Its State.

"Don't you think the ideal of an Indian opera is original?"

"I should call it aboriginal."

The love of money proves that the world is full of rooters.

Puzzle.

"Dad, tell me one thing."

"What is it, my son?"

"If the fathers were to hold congresses to agree on what they wanted like the mothers, would they be 'pop' concerts?"

DOES YOUR HEAD ACHE?

Try Hicks' CAPUDINE. It's liquid—pleasant to take—effects immediate—good to prevent Sick Headaches and Nervous Headaches also. Your money back if not satisfied. 10c., 25c. and 50c. at medicine stores. Adv.

The best way to kill bedbugs is to fill their mouths with snuff and let them sneeze themselves to death.

Make few promises and keep what you make.

FEEL ALL USED UP?

Does your back ache constantly? Do you have sharp twinges when stooping or lifting? Do you feel all used up—as if you could just go no further?

Kidney weakness brings great discomfort. What with backache, headache, dizziness and urinary disturbances it is no wonder one feels all used up.

Doan's Kidney Pills have cured thousands of just such cases. It's the best recommended special kidney remedy.

A Vermont Case

"Every Picture Tells a Story."

James M. Tracy, S. Pleasant St., Middlebury, Vt., says: "I had kidney trouble for twenty years. Inflammation of the bladder nearly drove me frantic. The pains across my back were terrible. I was so helpless I could hardly walk. After doctors failed, Doan's Kidney Pills completely restored me to good health."

Get Doan's at Any Store. 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

AGENTS!

BIG PROFITS AND BEAUTIFUL PREMIUMS

for selling the old reliable **Japanese Oil** (now called **En-Ar-Co Oil**) and our other standard Remedies. **No Money Required.** Write us at once for terms **NATIONAL REMEDY CO.** **130 Chariton Street, New York City.**

Tutt's Pills

The dyspeptic, the debilitated, whether from excess of work of mind or body, drink or exposure in

MALARIAL REGIONS,

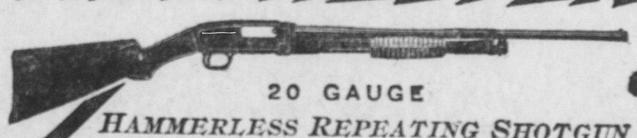
will find Tutt's Pills the most genial restorative ever offered the suffering invalid.

FREE TO ALL SUFFERERS.

If you feel OUT OF SORTS, RUN DOWN or OUT THE BLUES, SUFFER from KIDNEY, BLADDER, NERVOUS DISEASES, CHRONIC WEAKNESSES, ULCERS, SKIN ERUPTIONS, PILES, write for my **FREE** book. THE MOST INSTRUCTIVE MEDICAL BOOK EVER WRITTEN. IT TELLS ALL about these DISEASES and the REMARKABLE CURES EFFECTED by THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY, **THERAPION** No. 1, No. 2, No. 3. & you can decide FOR YOURSELF If it's the remedy for YOUR own ailment. Don't send a cent. Absolutely **FREE.** No follow-up circulars. DR. LE CLERC MED. CO., HAVERSTOCK RD, HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, ENG.

W. N. U., BALTIMORE, NO. 36-1913.

WINCHESTER



20 GAUGE

HAMMERLESS REPEATING SHOTGUN

The Model 1912 Winchester is the lightest, strongest and handsomest repeating shotgun on the market. It weighs only about 5¾ pounds, yet it has great strength, because its metal parts throughout are made of nickel steel. It is a two-part Take down, without loose parts, is simple to operate and the action works with an ease and smoothness unknown in guns of other makes. See one at your dealer's or

Send to Winchester Repeating Arms Co., New Haven, Conn., for circular.

THE LIGHT WEIGHT, NICKEL STEEL REPEATER.

CLEAN YOUR SOILED WALLS—Save Redecorating Cost

WAL-CAL-INE *"Cleans walls without streaking."*

Cleans like an eraser, magically, without litter or disorder. Costs cents—saves dollars. Removes smoke, soot and dirt from Wall-paper, Calcimine, Shades, Water-color Surfaces. Makes them clean as new. 25c, 40c, 75c and $1.75 sizes. 3lbs size dry-cleans and disinfects one to two rooms. Thousands use and recommend it. Send for a can of Wal-Cal-Ine today.

WAL-CAL-INE CO., 134 Front Street, New York

Shipped Postpaid by Parcels Post Anywhere

Makes Your Baby Comfortable

Watch baby crow after a dose of

Dr. FAHRNEY'S TEETHING SYRUP

You want no better recommendation. Other mothers tell the same tale. Have it handy if you want to prevent Cholera Infantum and cure all infant complaints. Best for bowel troubles. Can be given to babies one day old. Costs 25 cents. All druggists sell it. Trial bottle free if you mention this paper.

Made only by DRS. D. FAHRNEY & SON, HAGERSTOWN, MD.

Nest on a Sheep's Back.

An extraordinary story of a starling's nest on a sheep's back comes from Bideford, England, and is told by the Pall Mall Gazette. During sheep rearing operations on Gournwood farm one of the shearers cut into a fleshy substance, and examination showed that he had cut in half a young starling, which was in a nest that had been built in the sheep's wool, and which contained two other fledglings still alive. The nest was composed of moss and twigs. For some weeks previous to the shearing the sheep, with the others, had the run of three fields near the farm.

For the Toilet

Glenn's Sulphur Soap

To keep the hands white, the head free from dandruff and the complexion clear. It

Beautifies

(All Druggists.)

Contains 30% Pure Sulphur.

Hill's Hair & Whisker Dye, Black or Brown, 50c

TAKE FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS

For Backache Rheumatism Kidneys and Bladder

EMBROIDERY catalogue and package embroidery needles for five ladies' names and dime. H. PATCHETT, Sta. B, Washington, D. C.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

"I'LL TAKE ONE"—Agents get in touch with Our Fast Selling Repeat Order Specialties, and Hear This Every Few Minutes. Big profits. Permanent Employment. Sample free. Mark Ideal Co., Box 215, Royersford, Pa.

LADIES, WHY NOT BEAUTIFY your complexion and be rid of pimples, blackheads, face eruptions, etc.? Send for circulars. E. M. STAHLMAN, NEW MAYVILLE, PA.

LADIES From factory to customer. Beautiful artistic pattern, 42 piece China Dinner Set, only $3.90. Big value, satisfied customers. Write Fitchburg Specialty Co., Fitchburg, Mass.

AGENTS Male, female; free premiums; sell our household specialties, $50 weekly easily made. Write for catalog and particulars. STERLING SPECIALTY CO., 948 E. 32nd St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

PIN MONEY MAGAZINE completely describes plans for earning money at home 25c. Raymoure Co., Hammonton, New Jersey.

THE CENTRE REPORTER

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1913

HUNTER'S LICENSE LAW.

Blanks Now in Hands of County Treasurers —Half of Revenues to go Towards Paying Bounties.

Application blanks, cards and other papers necessary for the enforcement of the new hunter's license act have been sent from the office of the state game commission to the treasurers of each of the sixty-seven counties of the state. Secretary Kalbfus stated that the first shipment would give each county about 1000 cards.

The enforcement of the act will begin very soon, it having been held back by printing, and it is the intention of the commission to give time to all hunters to make applications and to become familiar with the law.

Under the arrangement, each county will have a serial number, Adams beginning with No. 1 and York with No. 67 Doctor Kalbfus called attention to the fact that the cost will be $1 for those licenses secured directly of county treasurers and $1.15 for those secured through justices of the peace. Descriptions of applications must be made on the blanks.

Attention was also called to the fact that the payment of bounties on foxes, wildcats, weasels, owls and hawks depends on the income from the hunters' licenses, the act of 1913 appropriating one-half of the revenue from that source to bounties.

LOCAL.

A letter addressed to Mrs. Ida Florsy is unclaimed at the Centre Hall postoffice.

Messrs. James Durst, J. Oscar Stover, and William Durst all of Reedsville came to Centre Hall on Monday to attend the funeral of Mrs. Harper.

Thomas Scholl of Miles township will become a citizen of Millheim, having leased the property vacated by Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Musser on moving to Oberlin, Ohio.

The threshing machines are busy, and a number of small crops have been threshed out, but on most farms only seed is threshed at this time. Generally speaking the grains seems to yield well, and the quality is fair. No large yields have been reported.

Mrs. Catharine Martz and Miss Anna Martz of Altoona are spending a week with the former's sister-in-law, Mrs. George Spangler, at the E. W. Crawford home. Some time was also spent with Mr. and Mrs. H. C Shirk in Centre Hall, and other friends at State College.

William F. Rishel and his right hand man on the farm, Earl B. Bartges, on Monday, went to Ohio to attend the state fair at Columbus. Mr Rishel is very much interested in well bred horses, and this as much as anything else led him to go to see the great Ohio fair.

The Huntingdon county license cases have been appealed to the supreme court by the temperance people. It is generally believed that the action of the associate judges will not stand. It would be extremely hazardous to permit men not learned in the laws to overrule a president judge in license or any other cases.

H. S. Heckman, general manager of the Penn Traffic, the largest supply houses in Johnstown, came to town on Sunday evening, and on Monday morning, with his wife and daughter went to Lamar where they spent a few days at the home of his parents, before going back to Johnstown. The family traveled in a Cadillac car.

Philip Kimport, the sixteen year old son of Samuel F. Kimport, of State College, had his eyes badly injured last week by an explosion of carbyde. He was taken to Philadelphia on Wednesday for treatment, and on Friday he returned to his home where he is improving as well as may be expected considering the seriousness of the accident.

Potters Mills

From last week.

Blain Palmer and children are spending this week at Colyer.

Miss Cora McClenathan of Pittsburg spent her vacation with her mother.

Mr. and Mrs. Zimmerman of Bellefonte spent Sunday with their aunt, Mrs. Armstrong.

Mrs. Eugene Wilson and little daughter are visiting at the home of John Wagner.

Mr. and Mrs. Bodtorf of Mifflin county spent several days last week at the Summers home.

The young people of this place held a picnic last Saturday on the top of Nittany Mountain.

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. McCormick left Friday morning for Buffalo to visit Mrs. McCormick's sister and family.

Mrs. Joseph Carson and two children visited with Mrs. Carson's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Bible at Oak Hall.

Mrs. Manard Meeker and son John and Mrs. Reese and little daughter spent Sunday afternoon at the home of Ashbridge Thomas.

F. A. Carson, Esq., Mrs. Carson, daughter Hazel, Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Thomas, and Miss Maude Meeker spent last Thursday at Jersey Shore.

THE JOHNSTON GYPSIES.

Band of Nomads Come to Grief in Brungart's Court in Centre Hall.

A band of gypsies, who are traveling under the name of Johnston Brothers, were escorted to Centre Hall on Monday morning by two State Troopers and Sheriff A. B. Lee. The nomads were taken in custody at their camp on west end of the Tate farm, on top of Nittany Mountain, on the charge of camping in Centre county without a license. The fine and cost footed up $51.40, and when this was collected the gypsies were given their liberty, but they were in no hurry to leave Centre Hall.

District Attorney Fortney was the counselor for the county, and several aggrieved individuals. Two other county officials present were County Commissioner Daniel Grove and County Treasurer John D. Miller. The latter was on hand to say, if necessary, that no license was secured by the band to do business in Centre county, and the former was an interested party to see that the gypsies got some punishment and would be obliged to leave the county. Policeman Dukeman was also on hand.

The band consisted of eight or ten men, as many women and six or eight small children, all dressed in true gypsy style and practiced all the arts known to the craft. There were seven wagons, and sixteen horses, all in very fair condition.

This band entered the county from Sugar Valley, camped at Rebersburg, where they very much annoyed the citizens; Millheim was their next point, and then passed up through the valley to Pine Grove Mills, returned by way of State College, Lemont, and Pleasant Gap to the top of Nittany Mountain, where they were taken into custody.

Among others who were unfortunate to get into their clutches was Commissioner Grove. He was on his way home from his office, traveling alone in a car, when several women planted themselves in the middle of the road, and obliged him to either stop or run them down. As soon as the car stopped, overtures were made to tell his fortune. Mr. Grove had in his car a supply of groceries, and while the women were making passes, he was closely watching the various packages, and succeeded in retaining them all, but on going a short distance he felt that a purse in his pantaloon pocket was open, and on investigation found all the paper money—several dollars—in it had been extracted. It was not the money he worried about but he was humiliated over being out done by a dirty trio of women whose touch he avoided as much as was possible.

Presbyterian and M. E. Picnic.

The other churches of Centre Hall having already had a day of recreation in Grange Park, the Presbyterian and the Methodist Episcopal churches united and picnicked last Thursday at the above place. There was no formal program arranged. The older men and women spent the time in quiet visiting. Croquet, ball playing, pitching quoits, and lawn tennis filled the time of the children and the younger people. A common table was set in the exhibition building and ample justice done to the appetizing viands. More than half of the company remained for supper. The day was ideal and everybody seemed to have a good, refreshing time.

Representatives of each of the churches were present; and someone started the proposition of having next year, early in the season, near the summer solstice, a town picnic open to any body of any church or of no church in the community. The idea was to lay aside ordinary work for the day, have all places of business close, if possible, and everybody go to the Park for play and recreation and a general good time. There might be music and speeches for part of the time; but the main thought was to get the whole community together for a general refreshing before the hard work of haying and harvest came on. Such social assemblages are an annual institution in some communities which find them both erjoyable and profitable. If held thus early it would not interfere with the Grange Encampment, or with the picnic of any church that might wish to hold one later. So popular was the proposition that an informal committee, consisting of Leonard Rhone, W. H. Meyer, C. D. Bartholomew, F. P. Geary, and J. T. Potter, was appointed to take the matter into consideration. ***

Centre Mills.

Harry Miller of this place contemplates the sale of his farm.

The venerable Michael Shaffer, who had been very ill, is improving at this writing.

Rev. College, the new Methodist minister, was at Center Mills over Sunday.

The large power water wheel at the J. A. Kline grist mill broke a few days ago, which will delay chopping for a short time.

The Bailey girls, who had been at the home of their grandparents here for a part of the summer, went to Centre Hall last week to assist their mother in preparing to move to Syracuse, New York, where their stepfather, Prof. W. Vernon Godshall, has a position.

History of the Horse.

The horse has been employed in the service of mankind, both in peace and war, since earliest times. Indeed, his origin is traditional, antedating history many years. They were kept in Syria, for in Genesis it speaks of Joseph giving his brethren bread in exchange for horses. They were also very plentiful in ancient Egypt, as there were "horsemen" and "chariots" in Pharoah's army when he chased the children of Israel into the Red sea. In Kings we read of "Solomon, who had 40,000 stalls of horses," so Palestine was well supplied. As to color, horses were of various colors in ancient times, the same as now, for in Zechariah i. 8, and vi. 2, we find "white horses, black hoses, red horses, bay horses and speckled horses" are mentioned. In James iii. 3, is this: "Behold, we put bits in the horses' mouths that they may obey us." The native habitation of the horse is supposed to have been Tartary, and from whose herds have spread the horses of the world.—Gleaner.

Mr. Shaw and a Poet.

Mr. Bernard Shaw was to speak at the dinner of the Society of Authors, and a place had been set apart for him next to Mrs. Tweedie. But Shaw, being a vegetarian, did not put in an appearance until the meat course was over. Meanwhile his place was taken by another author. A gushing lady who sat opposite poured out praise upon this gentleman all through the meal, telling him how greatly she admired his writings. Finally she begged for his autograph and asked him to write under his name, "Man and Superman." "Don't you love it the best?" she asked. "Never read it in my life." "What! You do not mean to say that you are not Bernard Shaw?" "No," was the disconsolate admission. "I'm only Lewis Morris, the poet." The lady was disposed to be generously forgiving. "Never mind," she said; "you had better sign your autograph all the same."—From Mrs. Alec Tweedie's "Book of Reminiscences."

Canine Habits.

Dogs when watching things keep one of their fore paws doubled up because in their wild state they were used to approaching their prey step by step and kept one paw doubled up to be ready to advance it with all possible caution at the next opportune moment. This habit of crawling toward their prey, advancing cautiously while preparing to rush or spring, may be observed in the meeting of two dogs, strangers to each other, any day, particularly in the country. The dog who sees the other first, after giving him a cautious look, invariably lowers his head and tries to conceal himself by crouching, a maneuver necessary in the wild state. It's continued nowadays either in play or as a matter of expedient. Either the dog is preparing for an attack or by lying down gives notice to the other dog that he is friendly and doesn't care to fight.—Boston Herald.

Walking and Muscular Work.

The muscular work performed in the simple act of walking is much greater than most of us have any idea of. Walking at the moderate rate of three miles an hour is equivalent to lifting the body perpendicularly through one-twentieth of the distance walked. If the person walk one mile at the rate mentioned the amount of work done would be equivalent to lifting the body perpendicularly through a distance of 264 feet. Supposing a person weighing 150 pounds walks five miles, he is doing work which equals the lifting of nearly eighty-eight tons one foot high. Yet all the movements of walking are, in the case of a healthy person, performed quite subconsciously, so that all the muscles employed in the act are actually exercising and developing themselves.

Life Passion of an Artist.

"I do not believe in any real enjoyment outside of work, or interest belonging to it," G. F. Watts said.

When he was young he used to forsake his bed, because sleeping in comfort robbed him of the first daylight hours, and he preferred to lie wrapped in rugs on the hard floor, so as to waken early and begin work. When he was old and frail—for he lived to be eighty-seven and painted to the end—the same spirit made him impatient of the dark winter mornings.

"How I wish it was time to begin work again!" he would sigh.—Moira O'Neill in Blackwood's Magazine.

True Love's Trials.

"I'm afraid it will be some time before Tom and Belle make up again."

"Oh, they are always quarreling and forgiving each other."

"I know, but the last time they had a spat Bella said, 'Leave me forever!' Tom was dunce enough to stay away two whole days, and that made her mad sure enough."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

A Comparison.

"Nothing, it seems to me, looks as unimportant as a bridegroom at a wedding."

"Have you ever noticed a governor when he was surrounded by the uniformed members of his staff?"—Chicago Record-Herald.

Breaking In.

Mother—Dear me, the baby has swallowed a piece of worsted. Father—That's nothing to the yarns she'll have to swallow if she lives to grow up.

A True Mother.

A true mother is one who fears to leave her baby at home lest papa pin the clothes to it instead of on it.—Galveston News.

Centre Reporter, $1 per. year

Chinese Nurses.

"One thing that you can't find in New York is a professional Chinese nurse," said a doctor. "The town was raked fore and aft for one not long ago. A sick American recently come home from the orient declared that a Chinese nurse was essential to rapid recovery, and the doctors on the case instituted a thorough search for such an attendant. Every person I have met who has ever been attended by a Chinese nurse cannot be satisfied with any other. There are a number of them in Chinese cities. They have been trained by American and European nurses and missionaries, but as soon as they get the hang of the business they go their instructors one better in gentleness and soothing ways. It is common for persons who have known their ministrations abroad to ask for them here, but they cannot be found."—New York Times.

Hardly Worth While.

Eleanor was the little daughter of a musician whose first oratorio, according to a writer in Harper's Magazine, was to be given at a musical festival in a city some distance from their home. Eleanor had never been away from home, and her parents thought that she would regard the journey and concert as the greatest experience of her life and decided to take her.

The oratorio was pronounced highly successful. But when Eleanor was being put to bed that night she looked so unhappy that her mother asked her if she had not had a good time. Eleanor looked up tearfully and said:

"Did you bring me all this way from home just to hear that thing that's been coming up through the register for the last six months?"

Moors and Morocco.

Moor and Morocco are words unknown to the people of that troubled land. These people know themselves as Arabs and descendants of those valiant upholders of the prophet's green standard who swept like a flood across north Africa at the time of the hegira. The Morocco of the present day they found possessed by a sturdy race who claimed descent from the people who were cast out of Canaan by Joshua, the son of Nun. Their country, so far as its plains were concerned, was taken from them by the Arabs, and their fighting strength was made to serve the Arab cause in the conquest of Spain. They themselves gradually took to the mountains, to the great Atlas. Here they have remained ever since speaking their own language, maintaining their own customs and racial attributes and obstinately refusing to be absorbed by the Arab dwellers on the plains. These people are the Berbers. Their tongue is called Shilhah. Literature they have none, in the ordinary sense of the word, but they have a rich store of oral tradition, myth, legend and folklore.

Judging Weights.

In making observations on the capacity of different people for judging which of two weights is the heavier Dr. Demoor, a Belgian physician, "has satisfied himself," says the London Lancet, "that, while ordinary people, especially children, fail to appreciate a small difference, the reverse is the case with the imbecile idiotic and half witted. He prepared two bottles, differing in size, partly filled with a heavy mineral, but covered all over with black paper and exactly equal in weight. These he handed to 380 children of from six to fifteen years of age. Of these 370 judged one bottle to be the heavier. The ... ten said the two were the same weight. These ten children were all abnormal or degenerates."

If you are in the market for a good
FOUR-HORSE FARM
situated in Penns Valley consult me at once for particulars.

Also have for sale 5 Nice Homes situated in different parts of Centre Hall.

Buyers and Sellers will do well to consult me as I keep posted on market.

CHAS. D. BARTHOLOMEW,
Real Estate and Insurance
CENTRE HALL, PA.

Niagara Falls
Personally-Conducted Excursions
September 5, 19, October 3, 1913
LIKE A TRIP ABROAD
Round $7.50 Trip
from CENTRE HALL

SPECIAL TRAIN of Pullman Parlor Cars Dining Car, and Day Coaches, running via the
Picturesque Susquehanna Valley Route

Tickets good going on Special Train and connecting trains, and good returning on regular trains within FIFTEEN DAYS. Stop off at Buffalo within limit allowed returning.

Illustrated Booklet and full information may be obtained from Ticket Agent or David Todd, Division Passenger Agent, Williamsport, Pa.

Pennsylvania R. R.

Laundry will go out from this office Wednesday, Sept. 17, 1913

STONER
Seed Wheat
FOR SALE

Sow one-half bushel of Stoner Seed Wheat to each acre, and you will be agreeably surprised at the result, next spring.

Made a great hit in Union Co. this year.

We can supply good clean Seed Wheat at $2.00 per bushel, in new bags, FOB Millmont, cash with order.

Address
Ruhl & Watson
Union Co. Millmont, Pa.
33-36

Ladies' Stationery

We carry the best grade of writing paper—the kind that adds the touch of refinement to social correspondence.

Pen and Pencil Tablets

Good grade of paper ruled and unruled. Price, 5 and 10 cents.

Want a Good Toilet Paper?

None better than Tokio Crepe Toilet Tissue. It is the most "Cloth-like" paper on the market. Made under strictly sanitary conditions and is more cleansing and sanitary than any other known toilet paper. Will not clog drain pipes.

A large bolt for 10 cents.

office of
THE CENTRE REPORTER

DOES YOUR STOVE NEED REPAIRS?

It will not be long until the chilly blasts will make the stove the means of comfort. Is your stove ready to make fire in, or does it need repairs. See to it now, before the rush season will mean delay.

Probably you are thinking of a new stove for the coming winter. We handle the

World-Famous Red Cross Stoves and Ranges.

Come in and let us talk it over.

T. L. SMITH
CENTRE HALL

Good Things For Hot Weather and Picnics

Grape Nuts
Kellogs Biscuit
Cream of Wheat
Shredded Wheat
Puffed Wheat
Puffed Rice
Crushed Oats
Post Toasties
Beef—Chipped, any amount you want.
Salmon—Red and Pink
Evaporated Milk
Honey
Heinz Peanut Butter
" Sweet and Sour Pickles
" Mixed Pickles
" Baked Beans
" Pork and Beans
" White Vinegar

Call and see if getting ready for Camping or Picnic.

H. F. Rossman
SPRING MILLS, PA.

Muslin and Gauze Underwear
for Men, Women and Children.

Ready-to-wear Dresses for Children
at .50, .75, $1.00, $1.35, each.

LACES and EMBROIDERY,
all kinds and prices.

HOSIERY—TAN and BLACK,
in Silk and Cotton.

Men's Dress Shoes, Tan and Black,
Oxfords and high cuts.

Everything in Groceries at lowest prices.

Give me a call.

C. F. EMERY, Centre Hall

The Really Fashionable Dress is of Charmeuse

So one would imagine at least watching the toilettes of the leaders in fashion at the resorts now. We are showing this soft, supple fabric made up into several attractive styles of dresses at really quite small prices.

At $9.95

for instance, is a style suitable for street wear, which comes in dark blue, black or taupe charmeuse. It has a crushed girdle, pleatings of lace drawn to the front, and a draped skirt.

OTHER DRESSES FROM $4.98 to $14.98

Crider's Ex. CLASTER'S Bellefonte